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NO HURRIED CONCLUSION OF POTSDAM TALKS

Opening Of Parliament Postponed Till August 15

Debate On Charter Will Test Mettle Of Attlee And Bevin

Will Stalin Give Greater Support To Far East Struggle?—'Pravda' Accuses German Press Of "Playing Goebbels' Game"!

LONDON, JULY 29, (REUTER)—THE DATE OF THE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT—WITH THE LABOUR GOVERNMENT IN OFFICE—HAS BEEN POSTPONED FROM WEDNESDAY (AUGUST 8), TO WEDNESDAY, (AUGUST 15).

On the latter date, when the King's speech has been delivered, Parliament will sit for a fortnight before beginning the Summer Recess, which will be at least one month shorter than usual.

Election Of Speaker

As already arranged, however, the new House of Commons will meet next Wednesday when the Speaker will be elected. On the following two days the new members will be sworn in.

The postponement of the date of opening is expected to enable the Prime Minister to complete his talks at Potsdam without undue haste, to select his full ministerial team which will number more than 100, when junior appointments are included, and to draw up Labour's first programme. This programme will be set out in general terms in the King's speech.

DEBATE ON CHARTER

During the fortnight before the recess the New Ministers will run the gauntlet of a mass of daily questions, there will be a discussion on the **United Nations' Charter, which may bring both the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin,** into action, and there will be a full debate roving over the King's speech and probably including many Conservatives' amendments and criticisms.

BIG THREE SESSIONS RESUMED

BERLIN, July 29 (U.P.A.): The 'Big Three' Conference was resumed today, following the arrival of the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, who flew here yesterday from London in two Skymaster planes escorted by 12 Mosquitoes of the Royal Air Force.

It was disclosed that the American delegation in Potsdam is in radio telephone or teleprinter communication with every U. S. Army headquarters in the world and that President Harry S. Truman can reach any of his commanders in a matter of minutes—even those at sea in the Pacific.

RUSSIAN ATTITUDE TOWARDS JAPAN

LONDON, July 28 (U.P.A.): Russia's attitude towards Japan may undergo some change as a result of the Labour Party victory in the general election, some observe said here today.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee, returning, to Potsdam as the head of a British Socialist Government, may be in position to obtain co-operation from GENERALISSIMO JOSEF STALIN, WHERE WINSTON CHURCHILL FAILED, IT WAS SAID. THERE WAS A GENERAL OPINION THAT MR. ATTLEE WILL DO HIS BEST TO INDUCE STALIN TO GIVE GREATER SUPPORT TO THE ALLIED WAR EFFORT IN THE FAR EAST THAN RUSSIA HAS DONE HITHERTO.

One informant said that supporters of Mr. Attlee hoped that the first big announcement in Commons during the Autumn session would be that the war in the Far East has ended.

RAPID WIND-UP OF AFFAIRS?

LONDON, July 29 (Reuter): The 'Big Three' Conference at Potsdam will wind up its affairs rapidly, as soon as the new British Prime Minister, M. Clement Attlee, has taken up its reins where Mr. Churchill dropped them. This is the belief in well-informed quarters in Washington, cables Reuter's special correspondent in the American capital.

Reliable observers are tending to "play down" hopes of sensational developments emerging from the talks.

Although the fact that Generalissimo Stalin did not sign the ultimatum to Japan does not prove that chances of Soviet intervention in the Pacific war are definitely eliminated for the time being, there is decreased speculation regarding Russian share in the war strategy that is undoubtedly being mapped during the Potsdam talks.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL LATER IN YEAR?

Prime Minister Attlee and Mr. Bevin, may ask Generalissimo Stalin and President Truman that as the new Labour Government is not yet in a position to make decisions on many vital issues, the Conference should wind up its business and adjourn until later in the year, says the diplomatic correspondent of the London Sunday newspaper the "Observer."

Mr. Attlee, it is believed, will give his aproval to "such secondary decisions as have already been taken about the future of Germany", adds the correspondent.

TASK FOR NEXT STAGE OF CONFERENCE

"A smaller number of related problems, such as transfer from the Sudeten area of Czechoslovakia and from Eastern Germany, may also be settled, but most of the other questions such as Poland's western frontier, the future of the Dardanelles allocation of Reparations and the final shape of Germany, will be left

(Continued on Page 5 Col 7)

Senior Lawyers In Half-Pants!

MUNSHIGANJ (Bengal), July 29. (A.P.I.): Many students in Munshiganj Sub-Division are unable to attend schools owing to the shortage of cloth, according to a statement issued by the Secretary of the Bar Association and the Secretary and Treasurer of the Sub-Divisional Food Committee.

They add that teachers are attending schools in tattered clothes and senior lawyers wearing only half-pants, with other portions of the body uncovered, are a common sight. The plight of women is worse.

New Hope For Tormented Europe

M. N. Roy On British Election Results

DEHRA DUN, July 28 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. N. Roy, commenting on the British General Election results, says that the spectacular leftward swing of British politics holds a new hope to the tormented peoples of Europe. It may also open a new chapter in the history of Indo-British relations Nationalist parties and leaders may not appreciate the significance of the result of the British election and therefore, fail to adjust their attitude to the fact which places Britain definitely on the road to Socialism.

PROGRESS OF POTSDAM TALKS

POTSDAM, July 28 (Reuter).—The "Big Three" meeting was resumed tonight with the British Delegation unchanged except for the Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin.

Foreign Ministers were also present at the meeting of the Big Three which is believed to be of the greatest importance.

It is understood tonight that since Mr. Winston Churchill and Mr. Anthony Eden left on Wednesday, the numerous officials of all the delegations have been making steady progress towards the accomplishment of Conference work.

With the exception of Mr. Attlee and Mr. Bevin the British delegation is identical with the team brought out by Mr. Churchill.

17 KILLED IN TRAIN COLLISION

BENARES, July 29 (A.P.I.): Seventeen persons who were either travelling on footboards or were sitting at the doorsteps of 99 Up Gaya Passenger, were killed and five persons were seriously injured when the train side collided with two coupled pilot engines at 8-30 last night, at the loop and main line crossing near the junction cabin about three miles eastwards of Moghulsarai station. Damage to the railway coaches was slight and there was no derailment of bogies.

Immediately after the accident, the District Magistrate, accompanied by the Civil Surgeon and the Superintendent of Police motored to the scence of accident. After first aid was rendered, the wounded and other passengers of the ill-fated train were sent to Benares in another train. So far seven of the dead persons have been identified. Four persons who were seriously injured, have been admitted to the King Edward Hospital at Benares.

Unbreakable Friendship

Laski On Labour Deal With Russia

NEW YORK, July 28. (U.P.A.): Prof. Harold J. Laski, who is regarded as the power behind the Labour Government, in an article published to-day in the "New York Post", said that the "Labour Party seeks to build up an unbreakable friendship with the United States and the Soviet Union."

Referring to the Labour Party's attitude towards Spain and Portugal, Prof. Laski said:

"We seek no less fully to make it plain that we regard Governments like Generalissimo Francisco Franco's in Spain and Dr. Antonio de Oliveira Salazar's Portugal as dangerous to peace".

Jap Official "Regrets" That U. S. And Japan Are At War!

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29 (Reuter). "Great regret" that Japan and the United States were at war with each other was expressed by the Secretary to the Japanese Navy Minister, Prof. Juji Enomoto, in a striking radio address to America today.

Prof. Enomoto, according to the Japanese News Agency, described American bombing as "brutal beyond description, without parallel in the annals of mankind, and far surpassing the pillaging by Huns."

"It is but natural," he said, "that these warning nations should resort to the latest and most effective weapons to overthrow each other, but there must be limits to be strictly adhered to, and strict distinction should be made betwen combatants and non-combatants."

GANESHKHIND, July 29 (A.P.I.): The Governor of Bombay attended by his personal staff arrived at Government House, Bombay, from Ganeshkhind.

Greek Prince In Karachi

Has Written Book On India To Be Published This Autumn

KARACHI, July 29. (A.P.I.): Prince Peter of Greece arrived in Karachi from Cairo by air this evening on his way to Chungking.

Interviewed by the "Associated Press", the Prince said that greece being an ally of China, he was paying an official visit to Chungking and hoped to stay there for a month.

He added that India was not new to him. He had visited the country in 1938-39 making the journey by motor car through Afghanistan and Baluchistan. He said he liked India very much and hoped to settled down in Kashmir sometime later. The Prince has written a book on India which will be published from London this Autumn.

Prince Peter is leaving for Calcutta to-morrow morning, where he expects to meet Mr. R. G. Casey, Governor of Bengal, with whom he made friends while in East.

MOSCOW RADIO URGES POLES TO RETURN

LONDON, July 29 (U.P.A.): Radio Moscow today broadcast an appeal to Poles abroad to return home to rebuild the country promising that they "will be in no political danger."

The broadcast said, however, that "there will be distress and hardship, but there will be an opportunity of rebuilding the zwar-worn country. This is the best chance the Poles ever had and it is probably the last chance," the broadcast concluded.

Potsdam Ultimatum

Why Was Australia Not Consulted

Evatt Says Terms To Japan More Lenient Than Those Offered To Germany

SYDNEY, July 29, (Reuter).

Strong criticism of the Potsdam ultimatum to Japan was voiced by the Australian Minister of external affairs, Doctor H. V. Evatt, today.

He said it was necessary to restate the declared and accepted policy of the Australian Government that in all matters relating to the peace settlement both in Europe and the Pacific, Australia, as an active belligerent, possessed the right and status of a principal party.

"The validity of this policy has been accorded widespread recognition, and most recently assurances of its general acceptance were received from the United Kingdom Government.

"Although the ultimatum to Japan declared certain terms or principles of peace settlement, it was published without prior reference to, and still less the concurrence of, the Australian Government. The ultimatum was fundamentally important to Australia, yet our first knowledge both of its terms and publication came from the Press.

"Australia's interests concerned are no less significant than those of China."

"LENIENCY FOR JAPS"

Dr. Evatt continued: "All that need be said about the actual peace terms foreshadowed by the ultimatum is that they appear inclined to treat Japan more leniently than Germany, despite the fact that the slightest sign of any tenderness towards Japanese Imperialism is entirely misplaced, having regard to the outrageous cruelties and barbarities systematically practised, detailed evidence of which was obtained by the Australian Government and placed before the War Crimes Commission in London."

Dr. Evatt added that it was an indispensable corollary of the Big Power leadership that other nations which shared the tremendous burdens and sacrifices of belligerency should have the right to share in planning and making armistice and peace arrangements especially where their interest was direct and substantial.

"In the particular case of the ultimatum to Japan, this principle is being departed rom.

"It is to be hoped that the U. K. Government will, in future, insist upon its full and rank recognition.

"Despite the lessons which should have been learned from many early disasters in the Japanese war, there are still some people who do not realise that the post-war security of the peopes of Australia, New Zealand and India are integrally bound up with the destiny of South-East Asia, and therefore completely dependantupon the terms of the peace settlement with Japan."

Suzuki Rejects Ultimatum

Expresses Desire To Continue War

NEW YORK, July 29, (Reuter): The Japanese Premier Admiral Kantaro Suzuki, has rejected the Allied surrender ultimatum, according to a Tokyo broadcast heard here today.

Tokyo Radio adds that in an interview yesterday Admiral Suzuki expressed: "The determination of the Japanese Government to continue the prosecution of the war", and added that the Imperial Government of Japan will take no notice of the Allied surrender proclamation.

JAP GENERAL FORESEES DEFEAT

WASHINGTON, (U.P.A.): There were increasing indications here today that Japan is giving serious consideration to the Allied offer of peace as contained in the seven-point Potsdam declaration.

General Jiro Minami, former Japanese Minister of War and a leading senior general of the Imperial Army, was quoted in a broadcast recorded here today as asserting in a statement in Tokyo that Japan may be overwhelmed by the superior forces of her enemies if she rejects the Potsdam declaration.

The General spoke in his capacity as President of the Japan Political Association and some observers here believe that his remarks might be interpreted by members of that group—the only political party in Japan—as an indication the Nippon must accept all the Allied points eventually.

Reuter adds: The Japanese News Agency yesterday quoted General Minami as saying: "The Japanese nation will be ready to talk peace only when the whole of East Asia is freed from the Anglo-American colonial exploitation."

Floating Airdromes for British Navy

LONDON, July 29 (U.P.A.): Floating airdromes on which land planes can land in mid-ocean, have passed, successfully experimental tests by the British Navy, it was revealed today by Dr. Charles Goodeve, Assistant Controller for Research and Development at the Admiralty.

Ghaffar Khan Blames Attock Magistrate

Says He Could Not Obey Order Depriving Him Of Ordinary Rights Of Peaceful Citizen

ABBOTTABAD, July 29 (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, in an exclusive interview to the "Associated Press", related the story of his recent arrest by the Punjab police and his subsequent release. He held the District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police in Attock responsible for the situation that had arisen. He had no intention, he said, of addressing any public meeting against the wishes of the Punjab Government as explained in his reply to the notice served on him by the District Magistrate of Attock. But, he added, he could not obey any order which was calculated to deprive him of the ordinary rights of a peaceful citizen by preventing him from meeting his friends.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan strongly condemned the alleged inhuman and objectionable treatment meted out to him by the Punjab police.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said: "When the order of the District Magistrate of Attock prohibiting my entry in the Attock District was served on me I wrote to the District Magistrate in reply that I had no intention of addressing a public meeting. I merely wanted to see my friends in the Chhachi area in the Attock District.

"In accordance with my previously chalked out plan I left Peshawar on July 25 'en route' to Hazara in the company of Khan Aligul Khan, President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, and Khan Amir Mohammad Khan, Chief Parliamentary Secretary, Frontier Government, in a car driven by Khan Amir Mohammed.

GOVT. ORDER SHOWN

"I had intended to meet my old friends in the Chhachi area. On reaching the Frontier side of the Attock bridge I was shown the prohibitory order which I returned after signature. The same notice was again shown to me at the other end of the bridge when we crossed into the Punjab. There some police officials proceeded towards us in a car and asked us to stop. When both the cars stopped a police officer said: 'I shall have to arrest the driver if he drives any further.'

"Thereupon", said Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, "I got down from the car and marched on foot towards Campbellpur but some police constables stopped me from proceeding further. I then diverted my way towards a nearby tree in the shade of which I went to sleep after spreading my bed as I was feeling tired."

(Message Incomplete)

Khan Saheb Resents Punjab Govt. Treatment To Brother

ABBOTABAD, July 29 (A.P.I.): Dr. Khan Sahib, Premier of the North-West Frontier Province, who has just returned from Nathiagali after attending a cabinet meeting, expressed resentment over the treatment by the Punjab Government to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, in an interview to the "Associated Press."

He said that it was a matter of great regret that "our Frontier leader, above all our own brother, who had no intention of addressing public meetings against the wishes of the Punjab Government, should not have been allowed to meet his friends in Attock District. But when we see that our own brother is so treated by the neighbouring province, with which we are so friendly, it becomes still more disappointing."

End Of Potsdam Talks In Sight?

A latest message received from Potsdam contradicts a Reuter's message from London about Potsdam talks and the opening of Parliament. It runs thus:—

POTSDAM, July 29 (Reuter): The end of the 'Big Three' conference now seems to be in sight, radios Denis Martin, Reuter's special correspondent.

There is no official indication that this is so, but opinion in all quarters in Berlin is that its business should be concluded by Tuesday or Wednesday.

It also seems probable that the final drafting of the important statement expected to be issued at the conclusion of the Conference has already begun."

KISTNA LEAGUE DEPUTY CHIEF RESIGNS

Says Jinnah's Party Fostering Religious Fanaticism

BEZWADA, July 29 (A.P.I.): Doctor M. A. Khan, resigning his vice-presidentship as well as the primary membership of the Kistna District Muslim League, in the course of a statement says;

"As a Muslim I wanted that the just rights and interests of the Muslim community as a minority should be safeguarded in a free India and I joined the Muslim League under the belief that it would safeguard them. I was the joint secretary of the Kistna District Muslim League since 1944 and was elected vice-president this year. But I always believed that India must attain freedom so that Muslims may become free.

JINNAH'S STUBBORNNESS

"The behaviour of Mr. Jinnah in the recent Simla conference and his becoming the cause of its failure have, however, convinced me that the Muslim League is only fostering religious fanaticism which is suicidal to the Indian nation and has become an obstruction to the acquisition of freedom of the country and of the Muslims though the Muslims were offered a parity with the Hindus in the Executive Council. Mr. Jinnah prevented the formation of the national government which is necessary for relieving the suffering of the Muslims who have become greater victims of the Bengal famine than others and who are groaning under the exploitation and oppression of blackmarketeers along with the Hindus. He persisted stubbornly and displayed unpatriotic spirit when he claimed that he was the sole representative of all the Muslims in India though a considerable section of the Muslim community itself openly repudiated such a claim. Thus, he wrecked the Simla Conference and caused irreparable damage to India and to the Muslim community.

AZAD'S DIGNIFIED BEHAVIOUR

"On the other hand the President of the Indian National Congress, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, has behaved in a most dignified and patriotic way and has proved to the world that it is only the Indian National Congress that can get independence for India and at the same time properly safeguard the interests of Muslims and other minorities. The Simla Conference has completely removed the suspicions and fears of all Muslims towards the Congress.

"For these reasons I have resigned my vice-presidentship of the Kistna District Muslim League as well as its primary membership and I appeal to all Muslims in Andhra to organise themselves into a Nationalist Muslim Party to work for the freedom of India and of the Muslims in co-operation with the Indian National Congress."

STOP PRESS

RUSSIA INVITED AT TANGIER TALKS

LONDON, July 29. (Reuter): British and French diplomatic representatives in Moscoy have been instructed to-morrow to hand invitations to attend the Paris talks on the future status of Tangier—The international zone occupied by Spain in 1940—to the Soviet Government. The Paris talks are expected to be resumed on August 6.

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Morrison's Strategy Knocks Churchill Out

Middle Class & Agriculturist Voters Rally Against "Conservative Nepotism"

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 28.

Tory circles just do not know what hit them. Like the Bourbons they will never learn.

The Conservative Party went down in a slashing defeat because of Mr Churchill's cardinal error in entrusting the election campaign to Lord Beaverbrook who has never understood the British way of life. Otherwise he would not have mapped out a campaign to scare British electors with absurd suggestions that a Labour victory would have meant British Gestapo and Concentration Camps. The electors, however, did not vote against Mr. Churchill so much as they voted for Labour, because Labour gave serious thought to post-war problems and stated in realistic terms how it proposed to handle them.

Morrison's Strategy

Labour's success is largely due to Mr. Herbert Morrison. One of the greatest political strategists Mr. Morrison set out more than two years ago to obtain the votes of the British middleclass. He knew that Mr. Bevin would rally the trade union votes but if Labour wanted to win it must enlist the support of middle-classes and businessmen who want first, cheap steel coal, second efficient transport, third freedom from monopoly interests crushing them, and fourth lower interest rates instead of paying high interest rates as a result of foreign competition.

"The London Times" last year pointed out "The present state of coalmining cannot continue without inviting national industrial calamity." The ministry for fuel power appointed Technical Advisory Committee consisting of distinguished mining engineers and directors of large colliery firms to investigate mining industry. The Committee reported "There is no justification whatever in future even if there was ever any for haphazard or uncoordinated exploitation of our coal resources". "The Committee concluded its report stating "It is not enough to simply recommend technical changes which we believe to be fully practicable when it is fully evident to us as mining engineers that they cannot satisfactorily be carried through by industry organised as it is today."

Mineowners however demand larger combines, and tighter monopoly, whereas labour demands nationalisation with co-ordination of coal, gas and electricity to provide cheap fuel power. The middleclass had no other choice but to support Labour.

Steel Industry

The same story is told of steel British steel prices are 25 per cent higher than American steel while British wages are half those of American labour. Labour proposes to do with steel industry what it had promised to do with regard to coal. So middleclass businessman voted for cheap coal and steel.

Mr. Morrison campaigned showing that Labour would not nationalise all industries but would regulate profits of combines using extra profits to subsidise and develop small industries. Labour will contrary to Tories control capital floatations and keep down interest rates, and insist that no capital shall be exported until every need of the home market is satisfied. There will be no loaning money to Germany as was done to Hitler at six to eight percent while British industries were suffering from lack of capital.

The foregoing explains why middle-class voted labour and holding as they do the key position in British election it further explains Labour's landslide as also the Tory rout which was not a massacre of innocents as happened to Liberals but in the Tories case it was a massacre of devils and political gangsters who had the run for the last ten years.

Labour's Sweep

Labour swept through London, Liverpool, Manchester, Glassgow and Birmingham, even capturing the financial districts. Mr. Churchill's pre-election tour extending from London to Scotland and back, left behind trail of Labour gains. Even Eton of all places returned Labour candidate Another factor assisting Labour was the agricultural vote resulting in many Counties giving Labour every seat. So with Labour, middleclass and agricultural labourers uniting nothing could stem Labours election tidal wave. Even Mr. Eden's majority was reduced by 10,000 votes while Mr. Shinwell had 32257 majority, and Mr Cripps increased his majority by 11,000. Mr. Will Nally a Young War Correspondent fighting first fight at Bilston turned Conservative majority into a Labour majority of 16,802. One could go on citing many instances. Take for instance the votes cast for those Labourites supporting India's right to complete freedom. Every one of them got home with handsome majority whereas those archenemies of Indian freedom went down thumping slap on their faces. Wherever Tories managed to sneak in they did so with very narrow majorities which means that if there is another election next year or so on a major issue such as curtailment of the power of the House of Lords these remaining Tory gangsters will vanish.

Churchill Beats Himself

Mr. Churchill beat himself. He knew three months ago when the European war ended that the people of Britain were disgruntled, war-weary, bitter, hungry and homeless subjected to maddening totalitarian regulations. Mr. Churchill has been the supreme Dictator since the first day he took control in 1940.

With cigar, v-e signs, brave speeches and personality this man encouraged the people of England to stand against death and destruction when bombs began to fall on them. They allowed this man to continue with as much power as, Hitler or Mussolini possessed. He listened to no one. He hated criticism. His political censorship was at one time as dishonest and repressive as that exercised by Hitler or Mussolini. His pet phrase "I am the servant of the House" was debunked when he asked the House to reverse the previous days' vote on Education Bill. He thought he was growing old in people's service. But in fact people realised that they had all the while been serving him.

The landslide simply means that the silent vote has won.

The deep-seated grievances often unspoken went to sweep the polls. The English middleclass revolted against what it believes to be the Conservative party's determination to retain the privilege and nepotism in England's national life.

What Sickened Britishers

As I said earlier there are other factors which plunged electoral knife into Conservative body. They were Beaverbrook and late Senor Marconi. Responsible for losing the wavering support for Conservatives was Beaverbrook's "Daily Express" which began the Gestapo nonsence and the Laski redherring. Bracken and Beaverbrook worked together Now Bracken is out. Beaverbrook is politically discredited. If he was a candidate he too would have gone down, but now we must watch out for his attempts to form his new centre party.

The Ghost of Marconi also cost Mr. Churchill some votes. Keen political observers here of all political colours have said that the intransigent Churchill Broadcasts accusing Labour Party of plotting to create Gestapo sickened the people. The two Bees—bear words Bracken and Beaverbrook led the gallant old fighting bear round the circus, but he could not reach through.

It will be said that the vote against Churchill is a case of ingratitude. But the British people are not ungrateful. The British people made him. He did not make the British people. Every citizen in England who withstood the bad years proved by ballot box exactly what he wanted. The defeat of the Ministers is of little interest except for the overthrow of minor dictators, Amery, Grigg Bracken and Duncan Dandys (family appointment) Their defeat in dicats the popular distaste for strutting bureaucrats.

Exit Amery!

Amery must now realise that famine in India was not man-made as he keps on saying. His defeat was manmade. There was no wrath God which got him out of the House. His was the most deserved exit from public life. Mr. James Grigg was rude, soulless, and always thought he could import his mad mulla tactics from India where he played ducks and drakes with Indian finance and openly boasted at London gatherings that he did not care whether Indian Assembly voted for his budgets or not. He could always get them certified and carry on.

Bracken's press conferences were travesties. He was so delighted when opportunity was forthcoming to describe Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Nehru as Indian "Quislings." Indian correspondents were often at a disadvantage at Minister's conference as they cannot argue. They can only ask questions. The Minister is expected to give his reply. But these small men—small fish—they tried to emulate Churchill. They have all gone down together. Our nightmare of the last ten years of Tory rule disappeared over night. England is such a nice place to live in today.

Mr. Churchill's caretaker government was in fact a government of unapproachables. They had no common touch with masses of people. The ministers are as many miles away from people of England as they have been away from people of India. That's why so many of them went down. A notable exception is Colonel Oliver Stanley who is now mentioned as being groomed for the next Conservative Premiership instead of Mr. Anthony Eden. It is said that Mr. Eden has lost popularity in the last few months because he has been a sick man.

DR. S. P. MOOKERJI AT PATNA

PATNA, July 29 (A.P.I.): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerji, President, All-India Hindu Mahasabha, and Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri, General Secretary, arrived here today from Calcutta on a two-day visit.

Dr. Mookerji was received by Rai Sahib Sri Narain Arora, President of the provincial Hindu Sabha and others and taken in a procession to 'Birla Bhawan', the headquarters of the Bihar Hindu Sabha, where he performed the flag hoisting ceremony before a large gathering. Dr. Mookerji will meet Hindu Sabha workers of the province.

SUPPLY OFFICER CONVICTED

Charge: Extortion And Bribery

LUCKNOW, July 29 (A.P.I.): Mr. Manzuruddin Ahmed Supply Officer, Cawnpore, has been convicted by Mr. R. H. B. Nibblett, District Magistrate of Mainpuri, on charges of extortion and bribery and sentenced, to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500, according to a report received here.

SUDAN WAR SUPPLY OFFICER JAILED

Admits Having Received £13,686 As Bribes

CAIRO, July 29 (Reuter): Arthur Henry Prince, aged 31, Controller of Foodstuffs and Clothing in the Sudan War Supply Department, was sentenced in Khartoum to two years' imprisonment on 12 charges of bribery and criminal conspiracy. He was found not guilty of forgery.

A number of Indian firms were involved in the case, in which Prince was accused of favouring certain local merchants and accepting from them "thousands of pounds as gratification", which he transferred to his London bank "by devious ways."

The prosecution earlier stated that Prince had paid over to the Sudan Government £13,686, which he admitted having received as bribes.

Guard Killed & Mails Robbed

COLOMBO, July 28 (A.P.I.)—A daring mail bag dacoity was committed last night on the mail train from Colombo to Talacmannar.

It is stated some men gained entry into the guard van and killed the guard Mr. S. Selvadurai who was in charge of the mail bags which were also tampered with. It was some time before the guard was missed but by that time the dacoits had made good their escape.

The body of the guard was later found near the Railway Lines. The extent of the loss of mails which included several bags destined for India is not yet known.

Kisan Prisoners On Hunger-Strike

BOMBAY, July 28, (A. P. I.): The Joint Secretary of the All-India Kisan Sabha writes that a message from Ujjain dated July 26, says that eleven Kisan leaders of Nagda, Gwalior State, who were arrested on July 4 last and have since been in jail custody at Khachirod in Ujjain district, have been on hunger-strike since July 23 as a protest against treatment in jail.

"Spy Song" Wins 50,000 Dollars

CHICAGO, July 29 (Reuter): (Arlington) The 50,000 Dollar Futurity race for two-year olds was won by Charles T. Fisher's Spy Song, Knockdown was second and Mighty Story third.

The time for the six furlong was one minute, 12 seconds.

Leadership Opinion Poll Set Up In United States

Gaging public opinion in the United States is a complex task, since the procedure attempts to reflect the trends of a vast and diverse population. Up to the present most polls have been aimed at the opinion of the common man—the average farmer, worker and professional, in an effort to obtain a cross-section of opinion on problems of broad social interest.

Only recently there has been established the American Leadership Panel, a poll that promises to become an essential barometer of U.S. leadership opinion. A co-operative, nation-wide venture, the American Leadership Panel is designed to anticipate and clarify reaction to social problems by monthly polls of more than 1,000 leaders in key labour, management, agricultural and war veteran groups. The responses to these canvases are then broken down and circulated among Panel members and government and legislative officials intimately concerned with each month's question.

In addition to the brief monthly questionnaires, the Panel will circulate four comprehensive special surveys a year, the first of which—on labour-management problems—was issued in December 1944. Another survey analyzed leadership attitudes on the San Francisco Conference as part of a general discussion on collective security. Recently the Panel added a segment on veteran's problems, polling leaders from veteran's organizations. Other aspects of American life will eventually be dealt with by the Panel.

The Panel was originated by Mrs. Emily L. Ehle while working on a Penfield Fellowship—usually awarded to career diplomats—which sought to determine American attitudes toward the British people, a theme that is also the thesis for her doctorate degree.

Discussing the poll that eventually broadened into the Panel, Mrs. Ehle says, "It seemed to me that to augment the record of American opinion, it would be interesting to find out what the men in positions of influence over large groups thought—the leaders of management and labour, the presidents of corporations and unions, the men who lead while others follow."

Acting on these beliefs, Mrs. Ehle proceeded to interview persons in the U.S. Midwest, the South, on the west coast and in New England, compiling her findings in what was the forerunner of the current Panel reports. Thereafter, encouraged by several professors and fortified by additional funds, the ambitious young researcher launched the American Leadership Panel, with a distinguished advisory board representative of leaders in American life.

Representative Board

On the advisory board are Albert S. Goss, head of the National Grange, a powerful and conservative farm organization, and James G. Patton, President of the National Farmers Union; Clinton S. Golden, Assistant to the President of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, and Frank P. Fenton, Director of Organization of the American Federation of Labour. In addition there are Walter D. Fuller, former President of the National Association of Manufacturers and President of the Curtis Publishing Company; Dr. William H. Hastie, Dean of the Law School at Howard University in Washington, D.C., Hadley Cantril, Director of the Office of Public Opinion Research at Princeton University and a pioneer in public opinion sampling, and Helen Hill Miller, executive director of the National Policy Association.

Some of the Panel's findings reveal some interesting trends, such as opinion on America's stake in world affairs. A poll of major leadership groups indicates that labour is 100 per cent in favour of U.S. participation in the establishment of collective security; management 85.7 per cent, agriculture 87.9 per cent, veterans 100 per cent. Negro leaders are unanimous in approval of collective security plans.

Concerning labour-management problems, most labour leaders maintain that management-labour understanding has increased during the war years. Regarding the problems of returning veterans, a majority of American management leaders feel that industry should bear the responsibility for assuring jobs to returning veterans. A majority of the leaders in other groups think that government should shoulder this responsibility.

Other questions polled by the Leadership Panel include those of a guaranteed annual wage—on which opinion is not yet completely formulated—the post-war trends in the labour market, and attitudes on the enactment of a law designed to guarantee fair employment practices.

Experienced In Opinion Survey

Previous to assuming the dictatorship of the Leadership Panel, Mrs. Ehle was engaged in public opinion sampling and analysis for the Bureau of Agricultural Economics and the Office of War Information. Immediately after the war began she undertook propaganda analysis for the U.S. Department of Justice. A graduate of Smith College, Mrs. Ehle holds a master's degree in political science from the University of Pennsylvania. For a period she taught history and political science at secondary schools and Swarthmore College.

Summing up the purpose of the Leadership Panel, Mrs. Ehle says, "The most valuable contribution the American Leadership Panel can make in this democracy is to provide means for a frank, open exchange of views among men and women of responsibility and prestige. This, added to the knowledge we have through other polls of what the average man thinks, will round out the record of American public opinion.

"In our management-labour questionnaire, for instance, we found a substantial feeling among leaders that mutual understanding had increased during the war. This is bound to have a stabilizing effect upon future relationships. The same way be said of the discovery that planning for post-war elimination of unions is confined to a tiny minority of 2.8 per cent of management members.

"The Panel will be of special value when its results are studied in their relation to other current polls which sample on a popular basis. We are particularly interested in determining, as time goes on, whether leadership opinion follows or anticipates general public opinion."—USOWI.

Ahmedabad Plan For Sardar's Reception

AHMEDABAD, July 29 (A.P.I.)—Elaborate arrangements are being made by local Congress workers to accord a fitting reception to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel when he arrives in Ahmedabad on August 2 after an interval of three years.

About 1,500 volunteers have been enrolled to regulate crowds at his receptions in different places. In view of the official ban, no procession and public meetings have been fixed up, but opportunity will be given to different sections of people to meet Sardar Patel during his stay of six days in the city.

SHRI MAHADEV DESAI MEMORIAL FUND

Donations received by Bombay Committee up to July 28:—

Received upto the 21st July 45 and already announced Rs. 198,645-4-0, Shri Dhirajlal C. Modi Rs. 50, Dr. K. T. Gajjar Rs. 1,250, Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta Rs. 500, Shri Mahajan Association Ltd. Rs. 501, Shri Kalyanji Mavji Rs. 500, Through the Bombay Shroffs' (Bankers) Association Ltd: Shri Harkisandas Jagjivandas Rs. 251, M/s. Kavasji Mancherji Kapadia and Sons Rs. 201, Shri Chimandlal Popatlal Rs. 101, Shri Seeds Traders' Association Ltd. Rs. 1,000, Shri Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co. Ltd. Rs. 3,000. Total Rs. 2,05,999-4-0.

KHAN BAHADUR SHAIKH HUSAIN ENTERTAINED

Friends and admirers arranged a dinner party at the Cricket Club of India, Bombay on Saturday in honour of Khan Bahadur Shaikh Husain, Superintendent of Police, on the occasion of the title of Khan Bahadur being conferred upon him recently.

'BLACK MARKET' IN PLEADER'S FEES!

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 28.

When black markets of cloth and things of necessities of life are in full swing there is an unbearable rise in the fees of pleaders for civil suits. In civil courts hundreds of cases between house-owners and tenants are running. Pleaders squeeze tenants to the tune of from Rs. 30 to 70 per case instead of Rs. 10 to 15 previously. The tenants especially those of the poorer class, who are dragged into the court by house-owners for getting their premises vacated are crying against the heavy fees. Will the Bar Association fix rate of fee for such ordinary cases?

KARACHI, July 28. (A.P.I.): Punitive fines aggregating Rs. 20,000 have been imposed on the village of Dim, Nawabshah District, where a gang of Hurs had committed five murders on December 19, 1944.

MUNSHI UNVEILS NARMAD'S PORTRAIT

Mr. K. M. Munshi Ex-Minister unveiling Poet Narmad's portrait at a meeting held under the auspices of Narasinharao Divatia Gujarati Literary Society on Saturday evening at Elphinstone College Hall said that Narmad was the first of the modern ers so far as the Gujarati literature is concerned, He belonged to a new school of poetry and prose writers He was a great reformer, and was a Nationalist 20 years before the Congress was founded. He belonged to the Elphinstone Institution which was ultimately divided into two, viz Elphinstone High School and Elphinstone College. It is really high time that when it is now 93 years, of his departure from the world that they commemorate the services of the noblest person of this Institution."

SANITARY INSPECTORS' EXAMINATION

Out of 165 candidates who appeared for the examination for Sanitary Inspectors held in May 1945, under the auspices of the Royal Sanitary Institute, Lodon, and the Government of Bombay, the following 114 have passed the examination, subject to the approval of the results by the Royal Sanitary Institute, London.

The first five numbers are according to merit, and the rest are according to the examination numbers of candidates:—

Exam. Nos:—109 13 114 67 160 1 3 5 7 11 14 17 18 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 44 45 46 49 50 51 53 54 55 56 57 61 62 63 64 65 66 68 70 71 73 74 77 78 81 82 84 85 86 87 88 90 92 95 97 100 103 104 106 107 108 111 112 113 115 116 117 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128, 129 130 131 132 134 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 144 146 148 149 151 152 155 156 157 158 159 161 162 163 and 165.

VANASPATI AND ALLIED CHEMICALS FACTORY.

INDORE, July 26: His Highness the Maharaja Holkar has accorded permission to the establishment at Indore of a Vanaspati and Allied Chemicals Factory with an authorised capital of Rs 60,00,000. Subsidiary manufacture will include soaps, etc., pharmaceuticals and other plastics products.

MAHASABHA CABINET MEETING.

In a meeting of the Working Committee of the Delhi Provincial Hindusabha, held on the 19th July Delhi, R. R. Harishchandra, President presiding, it was unanimously decided to call the meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha and also of the All-India Committee at Hindu Mahasabha Bhawan Hall, New-Delhi, on the 10th, 11th and 12th of August 1945.

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9.	Bleaching Powder (C)	Rs.	13 6 0	" "
10.	Carbonate of Ammonia	Rs.	44 12 0	" "
11.	Bicarbonate of Ammonia	Rs.	38 2 0	" "
12.	Sodium Nitrite (C)	Rs.	26 8 0	" "
13.	Sodium Sulphide	Rs.	20 4 0	" "
14.	Anhydrous Ammonia	Rs.	1 7 9	" lb
15.	Liquid Chlorine (C)	Rs.	0 9 6	" "
16.	Acetic Acid	Rs.	0 12 0	" "
17.	Hydrosulphite of Soda (C)	Rs.	80 8 0	" Cwt
18.	Borax	Rs.	31 9 0	" "
19.	Boric Acid	Rs.	53 6 0	" "
20.	Copper Sulphate	Rs.	40 0 0	" "

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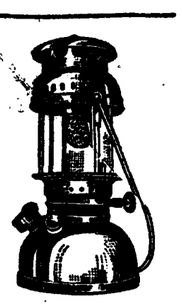

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TODAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, July 30.
BOMBAY—1
244 m (1,231 Kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Narharibuwa Patankar 8-45 Ali Husain and Party 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Mohammad Rafi 9-30 G P Nagarkar 9-40 Shridhar Parsekar (Violin) 12-30 p.m. Bhajan Aur Geet 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Mixed Melodies 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 2-30 For Women 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 D M Deshpande 5-15 Jaltarang 5-25 Sundrabai Jadhav 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals and Weather 6-0 Vimal Patki 630 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Matters of Moment 6-50 Sundrabai Jadhav 7-0 History in the Making (G) 7-15 D M Deshpande 7-30 Bhavgeet 7-45 Music From Film 8-0 Mohammad Rafi 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 A I R Orchestra 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-45 Paving Way For Peace 10-0 Shridhar Parsekar (Violin) 10-25 Mohammad Rafi 10-35 Vimal Patki.

No Bajri Ration

Having regard to the stock position Bajri is not being issued to grain shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District. Ration card and ration permit holders, therefore, will not be able to get Bajri until further orders. Shops which have some balance left with them will, of course, sell Bajri to customers registered with them till their stocks are exhausted. Cardholders and permit-holders are reminded that Jowar is available at 9 annas a paylee and the entire ration can be drawn in Jowar.

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 6, 2001
Muslim: Sabban 20, 1364
Parsi: Benman 30, 1314
Sunrise: 7.14 a.m. Sunset 8-15 p.m.
Hightide: 4-20, 16-42.
Lowtide: 10-04, 22-56

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN
Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Adjourned meeting will be held today (Monday) at 4-25 p.m. (S.T.)

HAJ COMMITTEE: Meeting at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Committee office today (Monday)

COMMUNIST PARTY PUBLIC MEETINGS: Re: breakdown of Simla Conference today (Monday) at 7 p.m. at New Century Mill and New City Mill Corner.

SHEWRING INSTITUTE: Senior R.I N. Officer to perform opening ceremony today at 5-30 p.m. at 34-38, Bank Street, (Opp. R.I.N. Survey Gate), Fort.

MAZDAZNAN: Mrs. Minnie S. Mehta will speak to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls School Hall, Waudby Road, on "The basis of Mroal Training for a Zarathustrian Child."

SANGEETA GALAVA: To be staged under the auspices of the United Artists Matunga in aid of Kamla Nehru Memorial Hospital, under the patronage of the Mayor of Bombay at Damodar Thackersey Hall, Parel on Sunday August 5 at 6-30 p.m.

NARAYAN MEMORIAL FUND: Sponsors of the late Prof. T. V Narayan Memorial Fund have arranged a grand function on Sunday, August 19, 1945 at 5-30 p.m. at C. J. Hall, in which strong men and physical culturists from all over India are taking part, led by Prof. K. V. Iyar of Bangalore

BOMBAY HINDU VIDYAPEETH: The Hindi Examinations, Prathama, Madhyama, Uttama, Bhasharatna (examinations recognised by the Schools' Committee of the Bombay Municipality) and Sudhakar will be held in September 1945 on 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th. Those who are keen on appearing for the examinations should send their forms duly filled in by Aug. 5, 1945, with the fees to the organiser The Hindi Vidyapith, Hirabaug, C. P. Tank, Bombay No. 4.

HINDU DEEN DAYA SANGH: The Sangh secured donations for their Foundling Home at Matunga amounting to Rs 1,665/14/7 during June 1945. The principal amounts from: Rs. 21, Mr. Bhaichandra G. Pathare, Rs. 25 Mrs. Saraswatibai Modi, Rs. 100 Mrs. Lilawati Kerr, Rs. 101 Mr. Jayant Varde, Rs. 101 Mrs. Vatslabai Varde, Rs. 50 Premji Kara Trust, (monthly) Rs. 50 Seth Meghji Mathradas (monthly), Rs 50 Seth Karsandas Madhavdas, (monthly), Rs. 207/10/7 Grant from Accountant-General, Rs. 50 Messrs. Reptakos Brett and Co., Ltd.

PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSN: With a view to gratify the growing need for the scientific study of Psychology, the Bombay Psychological Association has been formed under the Presidentship of Dr. Lalkaka. For details write to Mr. R. J. Shah 199/20, Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay.

CONGRESS ENROLMENT CAMPAIGN

Mr. S. K. Patil writes:
It is hereby being notified that the primary membership of the Indian National Congress for the City of Bombay for the year 1945 will be enrolled from August 1.

Normally, according to the Constitution of the Indian National Congress, membership starts from the beginning of the year. We could not start it so early as that for two reasons.

One is that we are yet passing through abnormal times and our Provincial Congress Committee is still under the ban, although the District and Taluka Congress Committees have been working normally and there was never a ban on the primary membership of the Indian National Congress.

The second reason for the delay in starting the membership is that we had allowed the enrolment of membership for the year 1944 right up to the end of the 'National Week', i.e., April 13, 1945. A gap of three months was necessary for collecting the books and making the necessay adjustments for the final register of members.

The books of membership are issued by the Congress Central Board and they can be had either from the office of the Central Board or from the offices of the District Congress Committees concerned. We are not using the renewal forms because no alphabetical registers have been prepared for the last year. All membership will be enrolled in the original membership forms. Ordinary rules governing the membership are in full force and any membership enrolled in contravention of these rules will be regarded as null and void. Congress workers are requested to take necessary instructions from Congress offices to avoid enrolment of faulty membership.

First of August is the great day for India since it is the anniversary of the death of one of our greatest national leaders—Lokmanya Tilak. Any beginning made on this day must end in great results and that is why we have chosen this day for starting the enrolment of this year's primary membership. In the name of the Congress, I appeal to the citizens of this great City, to enrol themselves by large numbers and demonstrate their loyalty to the cause of freedom which the Indian National Congress represents.

TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF TIME SERVICE
Telephone Subscribers and the Public are informed that due to excessively heavy loads on the Time apparatus, the equipment and associated parts have become worn out and in order that the faulty apparatus may be replaced or repaired, the Time Service will be temporarily "discontinued" as from midnight of July 31st. The service will be restored as soon as practicable, but no definite date of it's restoration can be given. In the meantime, subscribers are requested 'NOT to ask "Enquiries" for the time as the Operators employed there will be unable to give such information.

U. S. FELLOWSHIP FOR INDIAN
POONA, July 29 (A.P.I.): Mr. Dattaraya V. Kulkarni, Supdt., Yervada Industrial School, Poona, has been awarded a fellowship by the New York School of Social work, attached to the Columbia University, to prosecute higher studies in social sciences. It is of the value of 1,400 dollars, and Mr. Kulkarni will be at the school for one year. He hopes to sail to America in August.

Editors' Committee

Demand For Facilities To Allied Journalists

Should Be Permitted To Travel In Liberated Europe And Report Objectively

BOMBAY, July 29 (A.P.I.): The Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference met again at 11 a. m. this morning, Mr. S. A. Brelvi was in the chair.

The Committee considered the Government of India's reply to the protest made by the President against the unsatisfactory nature of the arrangements for the accreditation of Indian press representatives at the San Francisco Conference. The President was authorised to communicate to the Government the views of the Committee.

The difficulties experienced by Indian papers in sending dollar remittances to their representatives in the U.S.A. were considered and the Committee passed a resolution urging upon the Government of India, the grant of such facilities.

The Committee endorsed the demand made by various international Journalists' Associations and passed the following resolution: "The Standing Committee supports the demand made in various quarters that Allied Journalists should be permitted to travel in all liberated countries without delay and report objectively on the state of these countries."

THAT DISCRIMINATION
In regard to the criticism against the basis of discrimination made in the minimum salaries recommended to Journalists in the English papers and the Indian language newspapers, the Committee passed the following resolution:—

"Regarding the criticism, with which the Committee is in sympathy, voiced in several quarters, of the basis of the discrimination observed in the matter of minimum salaries for working journalists, the Standing Committee urge the Indian and Eastern Newspaper Society and the Indian Language Newspapers Association to examine the position further and make their final recommendations to newspaper proprietors on the point, and to communicate their decision to the Conference."

The Committee passed a resolution regarding the procedure adopted by the Government in disposing of applications to start newspapers.

The Committee co-opted Mr. Makhanlal Sen in the place of Mr. Hemendra Prasad Ghosh, whose seat in the Standing Committee had become vacant. It decided to hold its next meeting in Delhi on the 10th and 11th November, 1945.

The Committee was entertained to lunch by the "Samyukta Karnatak", of Hubli.

CAN'T EXPECT MUCH FROM LABOUR

Nagindas Master's Remarks At Flag Salutation

BOMBAY, Sunday.
Today being the last Sunday of the month, the usual flag salutation ceremonies were performed at various places in the city under the auspices of different Ward Congress Committees.

Unfurling the national flag at the office of the "A" Ward Congress Committee, Mr. Nagindas T. Master observed that at present the country was much nearer its goal than it ever was. He exhorted those present to move forward guided by the principles of truth and non-violence.

Referring to the Labour victory in Britain, Mr. Master cautioned them against expecting much from the change of Government in Britain. "We shall have to rely on our own strength and sacrifice for achieving our goal", he said.

Mr. S. K. Patil who performed the flag hoisting ceremony in "B" Ward, exhorted Congressmen to remain loyal to the national flag and go ahead with the national struggle till freedom was achieved.

The flag salutation ceremony in "F" Ward was performed by Dr. A. G. Tendulkar who was recently released from the Belgaum prison.

Textile Workers' Allowance Talks Resumed

AHMEDABAD, July 29 (A.P.I.): Negotiations have been resumed between the representatives of the Millowners' Association here and the Textile Labour Association to refer the question of dearness allowance to the arbitration of the Industrial Court without the intervention of the Government. The negotiation between the two associations which broke down over the question of deciding the terms of reference for the Industrial Court are expected to succeed this time as the question of dearness allowance is to be referred to the Industrial Court without any terms of reference.

"Dynamical Problems Of Stellar System"

BOMBAY, Saturday.
Mr. S. W. Shuveshwarkar, I.C.S. Under-Secretary, Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, Government of India, gave this evening a lecture on the "Dynamical problems of the Stellar system" at the Mathematical Colloquim of the Royal Institute of Science. Among the appreciative audience were Prof. McLean and Prof. Rafael.

Students' Protest Meeting

A public meeting has been organised by the Bombay Students' Union (42, Kennedy Bridge) at Blavatsky Lodge to protest against the expulsion of 27 students of the Sir J. J. School of Art, on Tuesday July 31 at 6-30 p.m. Sjt. S. K. Patil will preside. Sjts. Umashankar Dixit, Ashok Mehta, Amborkar, chairman of Arts Society, Dinkar Sakrikar, beneral Secretary of the AISC., and others will speak.

The General Secretary of the All-India Students' Congress has issued a statement supporting the call of the Bombay Students' Union for a general strike of students.

Report About Sarat Bose's Illness Not Correct

CALCUTTA, July 29 (A.P.I.): The report regarding the serious illness of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose is incorrect according to a letter received by the Government of Bengal from the Government of India. This has been communicated to the Calcutta Corporation.

The Corporation adopted a resolution on May 16 urging the Government immediately to release Mr Bose "in view of the fact that he is suffering from fever attended with diabetes since a long time and his condition is causing anxiety."

The resolution was communicated to the Bengal Government, who forwarded it on June 9 to the Government of India. The reply received from the latter says that "The Corporation may be informed that the report regarding serious illness of Mr. Bose is incorrect."

JUPITER GENL. INSURANCE CO., Ld.: Will meet Dr F. A. Chettiar, at 5-30 p.m. today, at Imperial Bank Building, Fort.

KOLHAPUR REFORMS

KOLHAPUR, July 29 (U.P.I.): The names of five members of the Kolhapur State Assembly who would serve on the Constitution Reforms Committee of the State were announced today when the Education Minister, Kolhapur State, was At-home to the Assembly members.

The Prime Minister announced that none of the five members to be nominated by the Government would be officials of the State.

Ghulam Hussain In Sind League Working Committee

KARACHI, July 29 (A.P.I.) Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Sind Premier, and the other League ministers have been nominated by Mr. G M. Syed on the Working Committee of the Sind Provicial Muslim League set up for the new year. The Working Committee consists of 24 members including Mr. Yusuf Haroon M.L.A. (Central), Mr. M. H. Gazdar and Sheikh Abdul Majid.

Bhopal Roof Collapse Kills Labourer

BHOPAL, July 29 (A.P.I.): One labourer was killed, one seriously and four others slightly injured when a part of an incomplete roof of a local Government building under repairs collapsed this morning.

Bhopal police and military personnel rushed to the scene and prevented further loss of life. The injured were rushed to the hospital immediately.

Kerala Congress Chief's Release Urged

BOMBAY, Sunday.
A public meeting to demand the release of Janab Mahamad Abdul Rehman, former president of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee, was held this evening at the Podar College, Matunga when Sjt. Kumaran Nair presided.

Among those who spoke on the occasion were Messrs Mahamad Jaffar of the Kamgar Union, Nettar P. Damodaran T. Shankaran and Sudakaran. The speakers emphasized the fact.z

Kerala owed a deep debt of gratitude to Janab Mahamad Abdul Rehman who had made great sacrifice; for the cause of the country. They demanded that such a person should not be kept in jail, but, should be released forthwith.

Lovji Cama Inter-School Elocution Competition

The sixth annual Lovji Cama Inter-School Elocution Competition will take place on the 11th of August, at the University Convocation Hall, Bombay. It is being held earlier than usual this year owing to suggestions sent in by schools to hold it in the first term of the scholastic year. This Competition, which is in no sense communal is thrown open to all high schools in the City and suburbs of Bombay.

Although it maintains a very high standard, this Competition is yet run with the minimum of Rules and Regulations. Each School can send through its Head, two of its bona-fide pupils, who are allowed to speak for five minutes. They are at liberty to choose any extract in English from any standard author The extract may be a speech or a poem or any passage from any literature of any period. The judging shall be done in the following order of importance: Delivery, modulation articulation, (clarity), pronounciation, poise and gesture. Entries must be accompanied by a nominal fee of Re. 1 per school. The Trophy will be awarded to the School whose representatives together obtain the highest total of marks. Prize shall also be awarded to the three best individual efforts in order of merit.

Teachers in charge of the Debating Societies or literary Circles, who wish their pupils to participate and who perchance have not received the circular regarding this Competition, are requested to kindly communicate with Miss P. Billimoria, Jt. Hon Secretary, Lovji Cama Elocution Committee, Maison Belvedere, Queens Road, Bombay.

BAN ON MEETINGS RE-IMPOSED
CAWNPORE, July 29 (U.P.I.): By an order promulgated today, the District Magistrate, Cawnpore, has cancelled his previous order removing the ban on public meetings and processions under Rule 56 of the Defence of India Rules within the Municipal and Cantonment limits without previous permission.

This re-imposition of the ban is believed to have been resorted to in view of the forthcoming celebration of the August Week by the Congress and the Mazdoor Sabha elections. It will be recalled that the original ban was removed by the District Magistrate last week.

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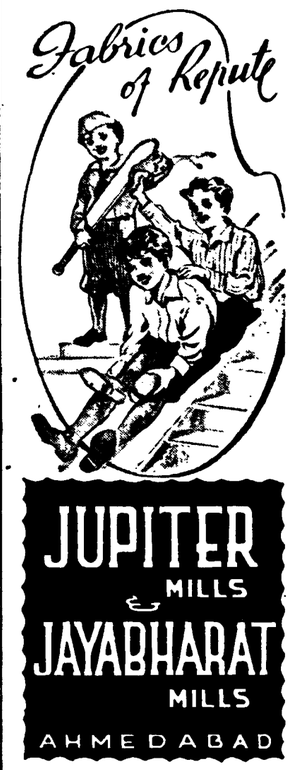

NIRMALA CALLING!
in KARDAR'S
GEET
3RD WEEK AT
MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays
Plans open 10 to 12

6TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK 6TH
PRAKASH'S
VIKRAMADITYA
Starring: PRITHVIRAJ, PREM ADIB, BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
SUPER Daily: 4, 7, & 10 Mat. at 1 on Fri.Sat., Sun.,
Advance Booking: 9 to 11, 5 to 6
7-15 to 8-15
An Evergreen Release

A PICTURE FOR THE CLASSES
PANCHOLI'S
SHIRIN - FARHAD
RAGINI ★ JAYANT
14TH WEEK
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45
Mot. at 1 p. m. Sun. only
Advance Booking
9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5
(A Prakash-Evergreen Release)

99th WEEK
RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
(ALL COLOURED COPY)
Starring: JAYASHREE.
Daily: 4. 7. 10; Sat., Sun. 1-15 p.m.
SWASTIK

Next Saturday
OPENING AT 1-30 P. M.
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p. m.
Sun. & Hol. Mat at 1-30 p. m.
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The Picture which will live evergreen in your memory
SHALIMAR PICTURES'
Mun ki Jeet
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W. Z. AHMAD
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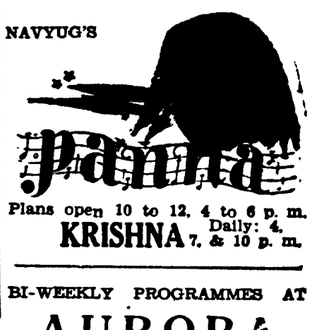
SHYAM
PRAKASH
TIWARI
GEETA
NIZAMI
& OTHERS
A SUNRICH RELEASE
COMING AT
KAMAL

All Entertainment Angle
Shree
KRISHNARJUN YUDDHA
Director: MOHAN SINHA
3RD WEEK
at
NOVELTY
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Advance 10-30 to 12 & 4-30 to 6 p.m.
A Radium Release

NAVIN'S
BHARATHARI
SURENDRA, MUMTAZ SHANTI, AROON.
Director: C. A. DOSHI
11TH WEEK
Royal Opera House
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p. m.
Advance Booking
9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

NALA DAMAYANTI
PRITHVIRAJ SHOBHANA
JANAK'S MYTHOLOGICAL PICTURE
Daily: 4, 7, & 10
8TH WEEK
NEW WEST END
Reservation—10 to 12 & 4 to 6

8TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
NAVYUG'S


Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p. m.
KRISHNA Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p. m.

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A-U-R-O-R-A
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From TOMORROW (For 3 Days)
Follow the trail of mystery
And
Intrigue in Thornton Wilder's Great Prize-Winning Story!
"THE BRIDGE OF SAN LUIS REY"
AKIM TAMIROFF — LYNN BARI
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APPLAUDED by Everyone who saw it - -
Its message for youths of INDIA
PRAFULA'S Mighty Picture
BARI-MA
Producer—Director: WINAYAK
NURJAHAN, ISHVARLAL
YAKUB, MEENAXI & SITARA
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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 29 (A.P.I.) Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st January 1945 and departure from normal recorded at nine hours I S T on 29 7 45.

Ahmedabad 85 77 0.9 18.2
Ahmednagar 89 70 0.4 3.0 3 5 —7.2 Allahabad 96 87 0.7 9.4 —10.3 Baroda 88 77 1. 18.7 nil Bombay 88 79 0 57.0 +13 7 Calcutta 91 81 0 24.3 —9.5 Darjeeling nil nil nil nil nil Dehra Dun 85 73 1.0 38.5 —2.4 Delhi 92 79 0.1 7.9 —4.9 Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 75 0.1 14.4 +0 9 Hyderabad (Sd.) 97 nil nil 0 2.8 —1.3 Indore 85 75 0 17.3 —0.1 Karachi 87 78 0.1 6.2 +1.0 Kodaikanal 62 54 0.1 16 5 —9.8 Lahore 98 82 0 13.6 +2.9 Madras 90 79 0.2 9.3 +0.3 Mahableshwar 67 61 0.3 149.1 +6.2 Mangalore 83 75 0 2 102.3 +20.1 Mussoorie 77 60 0.5 42.0 —3.1 Mysore 82 69 0.1 15.2 +1.5 Nagpur 88 76 0 34.1 +8.6 Ootacamund 66 55 T 17 9 —8.9 Pachmarhi 74 69 0.5 48.4 +12.0 Poona 84 72 0.1 12.0 —0 5 Rajkot 85 75 0.1 25.8 +10.7 Ratnagiri 85 80 0 62.7 —1.4 Simla 65 60 0.5 24.7 +1.4 Surat 87 79 0 26 3 +0.5 Srinagar 90 68 0 14.6 —4.4

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

War among the founders of the universal society . . . . cannot be prevented by the rules and procedures of the universal society . . . The world organization cannot police the policemen.

—WALTER LIPPMANN.

The Bombay Chronicle

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari's Convocation address to the Indian Women's University is a powerful plea as much for a high status to women in society as for special educational institutions for them. "To look after the home", he says, "is as noble as politics or engineering. The upbringing of children is at least as sacred and as valuable as the production done in the heavy industries or service done in the army or in any of the official civil departments. The family is as important as the State" Nay, he gives women the highest status when he adds "Society has put the most difficult basic duties upon women who alone can bear those burdens. Man has taken the comparatively easier task outside the home". It is but too true that too often hard tasks have been imposed upon women, and it may be a comfort to many of them to be told that the hard tasks are indeed, an honour to them. If the reality falls far short of the cherished ideal, if woman has been held in subjection by men for a few thousands of years, that is, of course, due to human weaknesses. Women can always comfort themselves with the thought, as suggested by Rajaji, "whatever task is done as appertains to one in organised society is not only noble but is tantamount to divine worship. There is no high and no low in social work and performance of duty." It is true that in law say, in property laws, there are higher rights and lower rights, and in Hindu law women have very low property rights. However, we may hope that the Draft Hindu Code which attempts to give somewhat equal rights to women in intestate succession will soon become law in spite of the cry of the orthodox against the innovation.

Whatever may be the general status of women in society it is undeniable that in several respects their duties in life are substantially different from those of men. And if education is, as it should be, training for life, there ought to be separate educational institutions for older girls, so long as the common institutions do not provide adequate facilites for the special education of the girls and so long as the pardah spirit persists. As Rajaji remarks: "Separate universities for girls is not merely a question of protecting and isolating girls from boys during a period of life full of chances of error, but is intended for the imparting of a special kind of education and for furnishing the special tests which are required in view of the special duties devolving on mothers and on women-leaders who are to usher in a better day for India through better families". That the Indian Women's University has supplied a keenly felt want is evident from its steady progress during the last nearly thirty years of its existence. Starting with only five students in 1916, the University has by now turned out nearly 800 graduates and 2,500 matriculates and now conducts two high schools and two colleges apart from a number of schools and colleges affiliated to it. The progress as measured by the number of students, might have been greater if its degrees had been recognised by Government earlier and if some other Universities had not adopted several of its special features. Its progress will be far more rapid if its courses are given due recognition by the other Universities. As the recommendations of the Committee appointed jointly by the Bombay Government and the Bombay University with regard to recognition have been accepted by the Women's University, it is to be hoped that its full statutory recognition will not be long in coming.

Pherozeshah Centenary

Bombay City has taken up the Pherozeshah Centenary programme in right earnest. There will be a crowded programme for a whole week from the 4th to 11th August and it will include a number of meetings and demonstrations in various parts of the city. Naturally, one of the most important items of the programme will be the collection of funds for the proposed endowment of a Chair in Civics and Politics in the Bombay University. The appeal issued by the Mayor in this connection states that a capital endowment of at least Rs. 5 lakhs would be necessary to give effect to the proposal. But considering the lively memory that the citizens of Bombay still have of the unique services of Pherozeshah Mehta to the city, it should not be difficult to collect even a larger sum. The Mayor has formed an influential Committee for the purpose and we feel confident the Committee will spare no pains to make the scheme a complete success.

It is pleasing to note that arrangements are being made to celebrate the Centenary in various places even outside Bombay. This is but natural considering that Pherozeshah was one of the founders of the Congress, its prop in its early years, and a sturdy nationalist throughout his life. In a beautiful tribute paid to his memory, President Azad rightly says that though Bombay claimed him by birth, "by services he belonged to the whole of India" and that, though a member of a minority community, "he felt, thought and worked in terms of a united Indian Nation." The President accordingly appeals to Indians all over the land to celebrate the present occasion in a befitting manner. We trust there will be enthusiastic response to the President's appeal.

Frankly Speaking

Historic Event

By ratifying the United Nations' Security Charter, the United States Senate has given formal effect to an event of great importance in the history of that country and also for the future of world peace. American isolation is dead and buried and the United States has now become a unit of the world and a member of the family of nations with a unique position which is its due. If American policy continues to be informed and inspired by the liberal principles of Franklin Roosevelt, America can exercise a powerful and benevolent influence in the affairs of the world. The Senate has, of course, not accepted the Charter blindly. There is still hesitation to commit the U.S.A. hundred per cent and certainly no idea of letting the American representative on the Council and the Administration exercise powers without active control by Congress. But that does not affect the situation in any vital aspect. And, in any case, the power of veto is there to ensure paradoxically that no big Power will be called upon to use force against any other big Power. And the problem of the use of force against the small fry is quite negligible.

Shocks Of The 'Quake

The defeat of the Churchill Government has already brought one result, with, we hope, a number of such others to follow. Admiral Voulgaris, the Greek Premier, has resigned. The Admiral's assumption of office was greeted by E.A.M. as "a Royalist manoeuvre aimed at the creation of a Royalist-Fascist regime." If this was exaggeration it was based on the solid fact that Admiral Voulgaris was a determined Royalist. And who can deny that British policy had hitherto inclined towards Monarchy? The Voulgaris regime was popular neither in Greece nor abroad. It is very interesting to note that M. Sofanopoulos, the Foreign Minister of Admiral Voulgaris, returned from San Francisco convinced of the need for an All-Party Government and resigned in order to emphasise this need. We hope Greece now gets the chance to set her house in order as she desires. The repercussions of the political earthquake in Britain have been felt in Spain, too. General Franco has, of course, not gone yet. But the hope can now be entertained that his exit will not be long delayed and that pretty soon a democratic republic will be restored in Spain.

Churchill's Future

Mr. Winston Churchill's future has naturally become the subject of wide speculation. If he has come out of Downing Street not only a sadder but also a wiser man he will go into retirement as a Duke. The election results clearly prove that he has tumbled down from the pedestal which he occupied as a war leader. And rightly so. His peace policy is not the policy that the public desired. He wanted to strengthen privilege and Toryism and made matters worse by bungling his electioneering campaign under the inspiration and advice of Lord Beaverbrook and Mr. Brendan Bracken. All this is now being gradually admitted by his own supporters ranging from the Tory Headquarters itself to that well-known Tory paper, the "Daily Mail" of Lord Rothermere. If Mr. Churchill does not retire from active politics and decides to stay and "fight Socialism" he will lose even the remains of the reputation that he has saved from the recent wreck.

A Timely Exit

A great war leader, Mr. Churchill failed completely as a peace leader. And how timely is his exit is shown from the welcome which the Labour victory has received not only in England, the Commonwealth and the Empire but even in Russia and America. Soviet Press and Radio comments and reaction in the United States—a significant example is the comment of the Scripps-Howard Press—all sound like sighs of relief that Mr. Churchill has gone, taking away his Tory policies with him. The fact that it is felt in both countries that a closer Big Three understanding is now possible is extremely noteworthy. It clearly means that Mr. Churchill was the greatest obstacle to such an understanding. If the ex-Prime Minister had continued to represent Britain there might well have been precipitated a crisis one day. This is not to say that Labour leaders are going to carry out some sensational change in policy. The general outline of the policy will remain that of the Coalition but now it will not be guided in practical application by the spirit of reactionary Tory prejudices.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Even trouble gets disgusted with a lazy man in time and quits.

★ ★ ★

When some men entertain an idea it is extremely cheap hospitality.

★ ★ ★

A woman isn't necessarily an old hen because she is set in her ways.

★ ★ ★

Get-rich-quick schemes enable a lot of people to get poor quicker.

★ ★ ★

Be sure that your sins will find you out—but if they don't your neighbours will.

★ ★ ★

Plenty of faith should be mixed with the other ingredients in a doctor's prescription.

The Woes Of Harijans

(By L. A. KAMBLE)

Among the Harijans of Maharashtra the Matang or Mang community forms the second largest group by population. Their main occupation is to make brooms or to make ropes of the 'wak' fibre. Some of the Matang community live in 'Sindi jungles' purchased by them for getting the Sindi leaves to make brooms. They sell the brooms in the city of Bombay to the mills, factories and to the public. A majority of the Mangs in Bombay reside at Haines Road, Byculla, in the Pana Chawl or at De-Lisle Road in the B.D.D. chawls. These people purchase the leaves of Sindi trees from their brethren living in jungles and make brooms. Over two thousand brooms are required for every mill or factory during a month.

About fourteen years back some Muslims with capital entered this trade and captured it as follows:

The capitalists or their agents finance the 'Mangs' to purchase the jungle or they purchase the material at a cheaper rate and sell it to the Mangs in Bombay at dearer rate.

When the Mangs are unable to buy bundles of leaves, they are forced to take a loan on interest from those very capitalists. The capitalist waits for about four years and at the end of the period informs the families that they are indebted to the extent of Rs. 400 to Rs. 500. He enquires as to how they will be able to repay his loan. He suggests that to get rid of this all they need do is to hand over the agencies of the mills for supplying brooms to him for some years on contract. Being helpless these families do likewise. In this manner these capitalists have taken over the agencies of most of the Mang families and have employed them to make brooms. The merchant pays wages at the rate of annas 4 or 5 per 100 brooms. Out of the wages he retains half the amount to recover the amount of his loan. It is thus extremely difficult for a family to meet its daily expenses.

A majority of the Mang families stay in the Pana Municipal Chawl at Haines Road, Byculla. The capitalists financing this trade and their agents stay near by or in the same chawls. The rent fixed by the Municipality is Rs. 3/8 for a single room. The capitalist recovers as much as Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 from the families employed by him. He tells these families that he has taken over these rooms from the Municipality on contract. These illiterate, poor people are not aware of the trick played on them. If anyone says that, as he is not able to repay the loan and to meet his expenses, he may be allowed to take up some other job, the merchant immediately demands his money and also asks him to leave the room. The poor fellow, being unable to do either, has to keep quiet. Many times the Municipality has had enquiries about the rents recovered. But whenever the enquiry committee is to visit the chawl, the merchant has about 8 to 10 Mangs as his agents who do the needful. Before the committee is to visit the chawls these merchants threaten the Mang families through their agents that, should any one give out that they are paying more than Rs. 3/8 as rent, they will have to vacate the rooms immediately, they may lose their employment and even their lives will be in danger. The agents arrange as desired by the merchants. Naturally when the committee visits the chawls every tenant tells it that the rent paid is Rs. 3/8 per month.

But whereas the rent actually paid per room is Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 the receipt given is for Rs. 3 8.

The following measures are proposed by some of the young social workers of the Matang Seva Mandal to fight this injustice.

To make contracts with millowners and supply them brooms as per requirements of the mills. As 'Sindi' leaves are required for making brooms to purchase 'sindi' jungles near about Bombay and to bring the material to Bombay. To dry, cut and make brooms from it by employing Mang workers; to supply the mills the brooms made and to pay adequate wages to the workers. To look after their health. To educate their children, to open night literacy classes for adults and to take every measure for their social welfare and uplift. This is the holy aim of the Mandal.

It is necessary to have godowns and open spaces to store the material and for making brooms. The land required will be about 150 x 150 square feet. The community has not the means to purchase the necessary land, to build the godowns, to purchase the jungles, etc. The capital required for this would be about Rs. 8,000.

The following members constitute the committee of the Mandal:

Mr. Limbaji Asharam Kamble, Mr. Tukaram Bahiru Patsupe, Mr. Damodar Mahadeo Alhat, Mr. Vishnu Bhaguji Alhat, Mr. Sahdeo Tshau Gholap and Mr. Nana Tukaram Alhat.

Our Readers' Views

DISTRIBUTION OF RAW FILMS

The Indian Motion Producers' Association, Bombay, has recently issued a statement to the press demanding of the Government that either the control of distribution of films be discontinued or it be administered by Government under the direction and supervision of the industry. I hope you will publish this letter as representing the views of the general public.

This move by the Association is manifestly aimed at keeping new blood out of the industry and creating monopoly for vested interests. This could be excusable if the present producers had given a good account of themselves, but the general standard of film production in India has deteriorated in war time inspite of the fact that the general public has to pay more now to see pictures. The huge profits that film producers have made during war should have spurred them on to produce really fine pictures, but it has had the opposite effect on them. Every time these old producers bring out a picture, they promise the public a treat through a barrage of publicity and what do we ultimately find—a trash. It is only new blood that can shake them out of the old ruts by setting a pace towards improvement, otherwise there is no hope for the Indian film industry. This tendency to form combines and take things easy must not be encouraged under any circumstances.

The Association has even indirectly made an attack on the officer responsible for allotting quotas and charged him with favouritism. Judging from the past record and present achievements of the producers, I think no better officer could be found who could stand upto such a strong and resourceful body as the Association, and discharge his duties impartially.

I think the Government should give every encouragement to new producers. Every producer was a beginner with no experience in the initial stage and to use this argument now against new producers is really ingenuous. The newcomer can be trusted to husband their finances ably and the old producers need not worry their heads about the stability or financial success of new undertakings.

B. R. KAPOOR.

2, Club Road,
Bombay, July 23.

Science Students' Plight

Many students have passed the Intermediate Science examination of the Bombay University, from the local colleges in this city. But several scores of them will have to go without admission in any of the colleges here or outside. Being refused admission by all the colleges here, many of them have tried to gain entrance into the mofussil colleges but have failed.

To force them to go out from this great centre of learning, where thousands of outsiders are accommodated, is in itself a grave injustice. But what is worse is that most of them will have to waste at least a year and probably the whole of their career, for want of admission to the science classes this year.

The local college authorities seem indifferent and the University Registrar's office helpless in showing them a way out of this impasse.

Will the City Fathers make it their concern and oblige?

TATYE SULE.

Rail Road Co-Ordination Scheme

The Rail Road Co-ordination Scheme envisaged by the Government has fallen on the present road operators like a bomb-shell and shattered all their ideas and plans of expansion into pieces. The scheme has created considerable fears in the minds of the road operators. Whatever might be the motives of the Government, the whole class of these operators considers that this scheme has been thrust upon them with the intention of snatching away the long-standing business from their hands without giving them sufficient time to go through its various aspects. In view of the above is it not the duty of the Government to remove such apprehensions from the minds of those who are supposed to become the partners in the new scheme? If they require more time a view to make necessary adjustments and to relieve themselves from their past business commitments, we do not know why the Government should not comply with their request. In the meanwhile the clarification of the scheme should be made so as to remove the misapprehensions of the operators.

H. S. RAMA RAO.

Tram Seats For Women

I have several times passed through the row of women formed in the B. E. S. T. trams. The number of seats provided for women since the advent of the company in their trams are pitiably insane. Although everybody is selfish one cannot tolerate our wives and children standing while we sit. If the public cannot sensibly give way to the standing women folk in trams why can't the company increase the seats provided for women at least during the war?

S. B. NAIR.

Matriculation Results

Apropos of the readers' view on this year's Matriculation results, in these columns, certain observations and suggestions are made hereunder in series order.

This year the results have been very poor, not because of the low standard of the pupils sent up, nor of the schools sending up. The position is sans phrase, due to an unnecessarily high standard of valuation by the examiners influenced by fear consequent on the exposure of last year's scandal.

It is feared that the supplementary examination suggested to be held in October may do more harm than good since it may upset the pupils' ordered progress of studies for the 1946 examination. The desideratum in this instance is an addition to the results. In the circumstances the alternative should be a revision of the results. To gain the end in view a representative deputation might be organised to wait on the Vice-Chancellor of the University.

(Mrs.) B. PILLAI.

Suburban 3rd Class Fares

During the days of acute small coin shortage, the railways silently and without notice, increased all suburban 3rd class fares involving an odd number of pice by three pies, thus leading to over 33 per cent increase in certain cases.

Whatever justification there might have been for such a step at the time does not exist any longer.

Is it not then high time the authorities reverted to the old fares immediately? Will the Passengers & Traffic Relief Association look into the matter?

"THIRD CLASS."

Students' Grievances

We the students of the Junior B.Sc. class are put to a lot of trouble in securing admissions at the colleges. The University is kind in holding subsidiary examinations once in six months and some of us who have failed can appear in October and also for the principal subjects next year and get degrees if successful. But many successful students themselves have been refused admissions to the Senior B.Sc. class. It is a wonder how they admitted so many students, including even some other University students for the junior B.Sc. class, knowing well that they could not accommodate them all in the Senior Class. According to our University rules students failing in the subsidiary subjects are allowed to keep terms in the Senior class appearing in October for their subsidiary subjects. But, unfortunately, they are not able to admit even some of us. In such circumstances we are forced to give up education after having studied for three years spending hundreds of rupees without getting the degrees. If we were refused admissions in the junior class we could have gone for some technical course or some other profession. Still we were given hope. 'Money-making' has become the primary concern of even noble educational institutions. We beg of the authorities concerned to accommodate all the students in the Senior B.Sc. class. No country denies education to sincere seekers. But alas here we find it difficult to get admissions to any of educational fields. If the authorities bring in war, lack of apparatus, etc., as excuses they should (1) limit admissions in first and junior B.Sc. classes. (2) They should not make a farce of giving facilities to Jr. B.Sc. students by holding subsidiary exams. once in six months as no purpose is served by it or (3) they should hold, as in Madras University, examinations for all classes: Matric. Inter, B.A., B.Sc. (principal also) once in six months so that many unsuccessful students may appear as ex-students and pass. Of course the educational authorities must be kind enough to forgo the income they get from thousands of poor unsuccessful students at all the classes. If some of these facilities cannot be met, the talks on adult education, educational reforms, etc., are meaningless.

STUDENTS IN DISTRESS.

Decimal System

Referring to Shriyut K. G. Mashruwala's letter recently published in your paper, I believe that the introduction of a new coin to replace the rupee is inadvisable and would be like poking one's head into a hornet's nest.

We should not lose sight of the fact that the rupee is not only a legal tender to discharge one's economic liabilities, but it is also employed in several other ways in weighing medicines, ornaments, precious metals, etc., by urban and rural people alike. Also any change in the name or weight of the standard coin would involve unnecessary hardships in the conversion of rupees and in the record of every day transactions.

The decimal system is suitable and convenient for "counting" purposes and the mercantile community all over India have been utilizing it by theoretically partitioning the Rupee into one hundred "Dokadas" If, therefore, a new subsidiary coin "Dokada" is introduced, the decimal system of accounting can be easily applied as follows:—

Rupee 16 annas or 100 Dokadas
Half-rupee 8 ,, or 50 ,,
Quarter-rupee 4 or 25 ,,

On the obverse side of the present 8 and 4 annas coins 50 and 25 "Dokadas" should be impressed respectively with the crown, as on the present punched pice. The reverse side to remain unaltered.

The present two and one anna coins should be replaced by 12 and 6 "Dokada" coins respectively; and new coins of the denomination of 2, 1, 1/2 and 1/4 "Dokadas" should be introduced in place of 1/2 anna (dhabu), 1/4 anna, 1/2 pice and pie. Pice should be exchanged "vice versa." for 1-1/2 "Dokadas". After the transitory period when the pice and one and two annas coins go out of circulation 1/4 and 1/2 "Dokada" coins would become obsolete, as the present half-pice and pie, and should then be withdrawn.

The Government should provide by law that anyone tendering two half anna, four pice, eight half pice or 12 pie coins can obtain six and a quarter "Dokadas". It should also be provided by law that in all transactions wherein 1 or 2 annas become due the payee must waive 1/2 and 1/4 "Dokada", if paid in new 6 and 12 "Dokadas" coins. This will do away with any poor man being put to the slightest exploitation or loss.

I believe the above suggested plan will make the desired change much easier and more convenient than the suggested issue of "Khuraq" by Shriyut Mashruwala.

J. M. DHUPELIA.

Santa Cruz.

A Gwalior Grievance

Last week, some Bombay papers published a story that a prominent Harijan worker of Ujjain was seriously beaten by a police officer in Mandasaur district. Now comes the news that Sit. Chandulal Maru and Madanlal Dalal, who were arrested nearly two months ago, are being kept upon one meal a day in Bhairogarh Jail, Ujjain where they are presently lodged because the allowance of eight annas is not sufficient for two meals. Their complaints in this regard are rejected in a very offhand manner. The present attitude of the authorities is quite ununderstandable. After all these persons are detained on flimsy grounds and as such they are entitled to all essential articles of daily use. Their only offence so far known is that they are suspected of contributing news to various newspapers regarding Mandsaur Police Raj. This brought forth upon them official wrath. Surely, an explanation regarding Mandsaur affairs is long overdue.

RAM.

FISH

BY "C. J."

'Scarcity in the midst of plenty' is true of fish also. The Arabian Sea and Bombay's coastal waters possess a fish surplus that could feed India's hungry millions. Meat-producing Argentina, fruit-producing California and wheat-producing Australia can hardly stand comparison with the fish-producing sea waters.

Our Glut

The nutrition expert, Dr. Akyroyd speaks ecstatically about the high protein food. Lakhs of rupees are being expended and squandered in the name of improved food-production. Even for fish, there are fact-finding, exploratory and, of course, high spending committees created. We have had a glut if not of the nutritive, good, cheap fish, of picturesque and pedantic fish-schemes.

The actual need is that of adequate production. Modern technique has opened up new possibilities of conservation, utilization and processing of even fish-fins in Great Briain. But our problem is different. There is no man-power shortage among the fishing classes here. There is no naval or aerial blockade, no mines—nothing, in fact, of the British situation. Our primitive but efficient means of production could improve production and guarantee adequate supplies—if the profiteering and exploitation of the fish trade and industry were eliminated.

Fish has its economics. There is profiteering in fish and speculation goes without saying. So far as Bombay's fisheries are concerned, certain monopoly, trade and middleman interests control the production, distribution and price-fixation of this vital food of the people The Government's policy is controlled unavoidably by these interests. For instance, the ice and other trade interests, not fishermen in actual production and trade have been nominated on the Government of India committee recently established supposedly to improve fish production.

Speculator-raj

A visit to the city's principal market at the time fish is auctioned would convince anyone with the truth of the above statement. Prices are pushed up on a speculative basis and the middlemen net in fabulous profits. I don't know whether the Bombay Municipality maintains records or the Income-tax Department taxes the incomes of the brokers. If they did, the figures would be eloquent.

Price inflation may well increase the price of fish. But the existing increase would appear purely speculative particularly as the Government does not impose any controls. It is an economic law that scarcity is a condition of profit. Therefore, production has to be curtailed and discouraged. The result is that a shortage in fish is produced and the profits out of fish go not in the pockets of the thousands of fishering men but in those of big operators, traders, middlemen and a group of vested interests Fish has become a prohibitive luxury to the bulk of the population; but the scarcity is artificially produced for profit motives.

Real Solution

There is abundance of fish on the western coast. It has been caught easily and cheaply with the simple technique of our fishermen. The main problem is the problem of distribution with transport difficulties. These are easily capable of solution if the monopolistic interests are kept in check. It is a notorious fact that the men and women who catch fish and are engaged in retail sale remain impoverished while fortunes are made by speculators. Why should not the profits out of fish go to those who actually produce fish? Why should not the people get their modest requirements of this valuable nutritive food at a reasonable price? Why cannot the Co-operative and Agriculture Departments take over fisheries and put them on a sound, scientific basis?

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, July 28. (U.P.I.): The future of Mr. Winston Churchill has been the subject matter of wide speculation in the London political circles. It is being rumoured that Mr. Churchill will not lead the Opposition in the new parliament but hand it over to Mr. Anthony Eden. It is considered very probable that he will be elevated to the House of Lords and a Dukedom conferred on him for his services to the nation. If that happens, he is expected to take the title of the Duke of Chartwell.

★ ★ ★

A local League leader has recommended the urgent dispatch of a Muslim League deputation to England, to place the Muslim viewpoint on the Indian situation before the Labour Government.

We endorse the proposal. In fact, we go further. Not only should Labour be convinced but the whole issue should be finally clinched, too. Therefore, the League should send an all-Pakistan deputation composed of representatives of all the peoples of Pakistan, Muslim, Hindu, Sikh and scheduled castes.

★ ★ ★

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, ex-Minister of the Frontier Province, is reported to have assured a League audience at Peshawar that Mahatma Gandhi put up Maulana Azad as Congress spokesman (at Simla) because he wanted to see Muslims fighting among themselves.

Then the Muslims should have confounded the Mahatma by not playing his game.

★ ★ ★

Anyway, the Sardar is going the right way to qualify himself for League leadership vice-Sardar Aurangzeb Khan who has lost the patronage and attention of the LEADER.

★ ★ ★

Mian Mumtaz Daulatana, a Punjab Muslim League leader, declares that "the results of the British elections is a tribute to the commonsense of the British public....."

Evidently this gentleman means that his eminent colleague Sir Nazimuddin, the Bengal Muslim League leader, who has deplored the results, lacks, or has no use for, commonsense.

★ ★ ★

Commenting in London on the results of the election, Mr. S. A. Dange earnestly hopes that "Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will take the earliest opportunity of flying over here".

It is clear that the Comrade is not quite in line with recent developments.

★ ★ ★

An American correspondent from London points out that Mr Winston Churchill, "for the time in his life, becomes a leader of His Majesty's Opposition".

Good. There is no Parliamentary distinction or position in the Commons which Mr. Churchill hasn't held, even if he didn't adorn them all. Except Leadership of the Opposition. It is, therefore, quite fitting that he should taste the sweats of that office, too, before he retires presently.

★ ★ ★

"POTSDAM, July 28.

The Big Three meeting was resumed to-night with the British Delegation unchanged except for the Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin"—Reuter.

Well put.

★ ★ ★

"I doubt if any one has liquidated so many Japanese so quickly"—General Stopford, Burma 12th Army Commander.

Don't. We must make allowance for the fact that he lives in the Burma jungles where communication facilities are few.

★ ★ ★

Soviet To Use Heat Of Sun As Energy.

—Headline.

To turn it on whom?

GOVERNORS' CONFERENCE

LUCKNOW, July 28 (O.P.L.): Although the question of release of political prisoners is believed to be on the agenda of Governors' Conference which is meeting here on August 1, there are indications that detenus not implicated in violence of any kind will be released and the ban on the Congress will be removed within the next 3 weeks telegraphs "Pioneer's" New Delhi correspondent.

R

CLOTH RATIONING IN BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

"Grace" Week

July 29 to August 4 is a "grace" week.

During this week cloth can be purchased by those to whom any week in June or July has been allotted, of course, if they have not already obtained their first quarter's full quota.

Those to whom the first week in August has been allotted can also go to their shops during this "grace" week and purchase their quota if they so desire. (If under the words 'month' and 'week' in the cages on the counterfoil of your application, the figures shown are 8 and 1 respectively, then it means that the first week in August has been allotted to you).

NOTE DOWN SOMEWHERE THE PARTICULARS OF YOUR RATION CARDS. THIS WILL HELP YOU IF YOU HAPPEN TO LOSE THEM.

GIVE CORRECT INFORMATION WHILE APPLYING FOR RATION CARDS OR FILLING ANY OTHER RATIONING FORM.

"MacArthur's Dictatorship Limits Osmena's Powers"

'Nation' Editor Says General 'Ruthlessly Liquidated' Filipino Guerillas

NEW YORK, July 29, (Reuter).

General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Commander, South-West Pacific, was charged today with imposing a "Dictatorship" over the Philippines; throwing Left-Wing sympathisers into prison, and ordering a strict political censorship, says Stanley Burch, Reuter's news editor for America. These allegations are made by Freda Kirchway, leading American Left-Wing writer and Editor of "The Nation".

"Never were the Philippines more completely cut off from the world. They are General MacArthur's private sphere of influence", she writes. "We have been told true stories about the magnificent co-operation of Filipino Guerillas in the reconquest of the Islands, but no stories at all about their rapid and ruthless liquidation. We have not heard how limited are President Osmena's actual powers, nor how careful General MacArthur's control has been to protect him from his Left-wing supporters by throwing them wholesale into prison.

"Repressive measures by the Army have aroused dangerous resentment among the people. Only an early shift to civilian control will prevent disorder."

U. S. PAPER'S POSER

"Do We Hand Back Britain's Far East Possessions Free Of Charge?"

NEW YORK, July 29 (Reuter): The Patterson-McCormick chain of newspapers, frequently critical of Britain, today used the latest United States war casualty figure—1,058,842—as the basis for an editorial demanding that Britain and Russia "show considerably more warmth towards the Japanese war."

Recalling Prime Minister Attlee's post-election speech that the first task is to finish the Japanese war and to see that the men get all the supplies needed, the article declares, "He might have said that Britain, with the German war finished, would throw everything she could at Japan, as the United States is doing, but he did not. He merely said the fighting British lads now in the Japanese war would get all the support they needed from Britain.

"The story of the Pacific war to date is that the United States has carried some 95 per cent of the entire Allied load. It was American power that cut the Japanese ocean empire into fragments, paving the way for the concededly good mopping up job the Australians are now doing in New Guinea, Bougainville and Borneo.

"But do we go on carrying 95 per cent of this load to the end of the Japanese war?"

"Japan defeated, do we hand back their former Far East possession to Great Britain, France and Holland, free of charge? Or do we ask Messrs. Attlee and Stalin to show considerably more warmth toward the Japanese war than their countries have yet shown; in plainer English, to do some real fighting for what they want to get out of this war?"

BOMBER COMMAND AIRCRAFT FOR PACIFIC

RIO DE JANEIRO: Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Harris, Commander-in-Chief of the Royal Air Force Bomber Command, said at a Press Conference at Copacabana Palace here that a large part of the Bomber Command aircraft will be transferred to the Pacific.

It was his opinion that air crews could use against the Japanese the same methods as they had used against the Germans. He added: "Victory may come in a short space of time if the air and naval offensive is continued with the same intensity as at present."

5,000 Japs Killed In Pegu Yomas Battle

HQ. SEAC., July 29 (A.P.I.): Casualties inflicted on the Japanese since their attempt to break out from the Pegu Yomas and cross the Sittang river have, after one week's fighting, reached more than 5,000 killed, says a Press Note. One thousand of these have been destroyed by our guerilla forces who have been constantly harrying and ambushing the fleeting enemy.

The number of prisoners has now reached more than 550.

OPPOSITION IN PYU SECTOR

KANDY, July 29 (A.P.I.): Land: Aggressive patrolling continued in the area between the Mandalay-Rangoon road and the Sittang river, says today's S.E.A.C. communique.

In the Pyu sector strong opposition was encountered by our troops in the open country eight miles north-east of the town.

"Our troops in a village 26 miles north-east of Pegu, within the bend formed by the old Sittang channel, were attacked by the enemy who established themselves in the northern half of the village. Enemy artillery was active in this area.

On the Mawchi road our artillery engaged enemy positions, 28 miles from Toungoo."

Australian Senate To Ask Embarrassing Question

WASHINGTON, July 29 (U.P.A.): Informed sources today said that Australian representatives in London and Washington would soon be asked by the Australian Senate to make an official investigation of charges that the I. G. Farbenindustries' headquarters at Frankfurt-on-Main was not bombed due to Anglo-American cartel arrangements.

LONDON, July 28 (A.P. Special)—Members of the Indian Film Delegation now visiting Britain today toured the well-known Denham studios where experts demonstrated various modern methods of film processing and production of colour films.

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DUKEDOM PROSPECTS FOR CHURCHILL

LONDON, July 28 (U.P.I.)—The future of Mr. Winston Churchill has been the subject matter of wide speculation in the London political circles. It is being rumoured that Mr. Churchill will not lead the Opposition in the new parliament but hand it over to Mr. Anthony Eden. It is considered very probable that he will be elevated to the House of Lords and a Dukedom conferred on him for his services to the nation. If that happens, he is expected to take the title of the Duke of Chartwell. Chartwell is the name of his country house in Kent.

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8th Army Disbanded

Close Of A Glorious Chapter In Allied Fighting

ROME, July 29 (Reuter): The Eighth Army is disbanded as from 10 a. m. (G.M.T.) today, it is officially announced here.

The famous Eighth Army which represented the entire British Commonwealth and fought its way across 2,500 miles of sand and snow from Alamein to the Alps has ceased to exist, cables Desmond Tighe, Reuter's special correspondent.

Since it was formed in the dark days of September 1941, British, Indian, Canadian, Australian, New Zealand, South African, Polish, Greek and Italian soldiers have taken part in some of its most outstanding victories.

The Eighth Army has today been receiving messages of congratulation on its achievements from all parts of the world.

Field Marshal Lord Wavell, in the course of a message, says:

"I send you, on behalf of India, a farewell salute of admiration and respect. India will always be proud of her associations with this army and its exploits."

Among the others who have sent messages of congratulations are: F.-M. Sir Harold Alexander, F.-M. Montgomery, Genl. Smuts, Genl. Mark Clark, and Genl. Joseph McNarney.

Subbaroyan Re-Elected Cricket Control Board President

CALCUTTA, July 29 (A.P.I.): Dr. P. Subbaroyan was re-elected President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India at the annual general meeting of the Board held today. All other office-bearers were also re-elected.

Dr. Subbaroyan presided over the meeting, which was attended by representatives of 17 member associations.

The following were re-elected: Vice-Presidents: Dr. H. D. Kanga, A. S. DeMello, J. C. Mukherjee, Sir Chinubhai Madhowlal, Bart, and C. B. B. Clee, (Sind).

Honorary Secretary: Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao:

Honorary Treasurer: Z. R. Irani.

DAMASCUS, July 29 (Reuter): The French authorities will begin the transfer to Syria of "Troupes Speciales" (locally recruited troops) with their full equipment at midnight on Wednesday.

Deshmukh In Johannesburg

Advises Indians To Be Patient And Work For Social Betterment

JOHANNESBURG, July 29 (U.P.A.): The need to grant franchise and equal opportunity for South African Indians was the keynote of speeches today when Ramrao Madmavo Deshmukh, the new High Commissioner for India, was welcomed in Transvaal.

Members of the Transvaal Indian Congress were hosts at a reception attended by major Johannesburg civic and parliamentary officials.

In his address, Deshmukh urged Indians to be patient and to have confidence in India's destiny. He said that for Transvaal Indians, the preservation of commercial rights was of paramount importance, and added that "wise statesmanship with the sober leadership of the Transvaal Indian Congress will lead to the protection of trading rights."

Deshmukh cautioned Indian political leaders to ignore extraneous ideologies, and instead, to contribute to work for social betterment.

The dean of the Johannesburg Indian community, Mr. W. A. Pala, said that it was impossible to think of the war without noting the voluntary contributions of the two million Indians who fought for freedom and opportunity.

Member of Parliament, M. Kentbridge, in his speech, dismissed the possibility of round-table conferences before long between South Africa and India. He said he favoured gradual Indian representation in the parliamentary and provincial legislatures. He said that without representation in South Africa, Indians would be compelled to turn to the Indian Government for support in such crises as now exist.

"PEOPLE'S CAR" FOR AMERICAN ARMS

NEW YORK, July 29 (U.P.A.): The Army said today that American Engineers have resumed production of the "Volkswagen" (People's car) a low-priced automobile that Hitler promised to every family in the Reich but delivered only to the Nazi armies

DOCK STRIKE ENDS.

LONDON, July 27, (U. P. A.): The fourteen day dock strike at Surrey, involving over one thousand dock workers ended to-day, with the men voting to return to their jobs on Saturday.

LAHORE, July 29: The All-India Kasturba National Memorial Trust has approved the Provincial Committee for the Punjab with Mrs Rameshwari Nehru as president and Dr Gopichand Bhargava as Secretary.

GREEK PREMIER RESIGNS

LONDON, July 28. (Reuter): The Greek radio announced tonight that the Greek Premier, Admiral Petros Voulgaris has handed in the resignation of his Government to the Regent, Archbishop Damaskinos.

The fall of the Greek Government comes five days after the resignation of John Sofianopoulos, Greek Foreign Minister. He said he wanted an All-Party Government which would be in accordance with the general opinion in the Allied countries he had visited. Sofianopoulos had attended the San Francisco Conference.

On Wednesday, the Athens police banned all public demonstrations until Sunday.

Admiral Petros Voulgaris took over from General Nicholas Plastiras on April 8. The Royalist and Right Wing Press acclaimed the Voulgaris Government but Left Wing representatives of R. A. M. described it as "a Royalist manoeuvre aimed at creation of a Royalist-Fascist regime".

Resignation Reports Denied

ATHENS, July 29: Reports that the Government of Admiral Voulgaris resigned last night are denied this morning

Asked about reports in yesterday's afternoon newspapers that the Cabinet placed the resignation in the hands of the Regent, the Press Minister for Information, M. Zakinthinos, issued an official statement saying that after the Foreign Minister, M. John Sofianopoulos, suggested the formation of a political government, Admiral Voulgaris called on the Regent, Archbishop Damskinos, and "reminded him that both he and the members of the Cabinet regarded themselves as still on duty, but were ready to withdraw if the Regent thought that national interests called for the formation of a new administration."

ELAS PRISONERS FIRED AT NEAR ATHENS

ATHENS, July 29 (Reuter): Three political prisoners were wounded, one seriously, when guards early today fired on windows of their section of the Zalocostas prison in south-west Athens. After a preliminary inquiry it was stated that the prisoners—mostly ELAS supporters—were trying to break the windows in an effort to escape.

The prisoners, however, declare that they had asked for the windows to be opened because of excessive heat

TRAINING FOR NEW WAR OF REVENGE

Reds Expose Nazi "Sixth Columnist" Activities

MOSCOW, July 29 (U.P.A.): The Red Army newspaper, the "Red Star", reported today the discovery at Falkenburg, Pomerania, of a notorious secret Nazi school for the training of "sixth columnists" in preparation for a new war of revenge.

The newspaper said that the school is one of a vast network of similar institutions founded several years ago under the direct supervision of Heinrich Himmler and Alfred Rosenberg. It is "designed to train a huge secret army, members of which would be dispersed all over the world to spread Nazi-ism and organise a new conspiracy against democracy."

One of these schools existed at Volkensang, in the Rhineland, specialising in the training of saboteurs destined for the Soviet Union. Hitler and Rosenberg often visited the school and Benito Mussolini was there once.

The faculty and students fled as the Red Army approached but left behind compromising documents.

German War Casualties

BERLIN, July 29 (U.P.A.): Documents found in the home of General Reinecke, Propaganda chief of the Wehrmacht, revealed that the Germans listed Army and Navy losses from the start of the war until November 30, 1944, at 3,625,354 killed missing and taken prisoner. The total killed was listed as 1,911,300.

The documents also listed 9.523 members of the Wehrmacht executed for various reasons.

Casualties of Wehrmacht members inside Germany, including air raid casualties, was given as 64,000 killed Casualties in the Russian campaign were given as 419,000 killed and 907,000 misssing.

Jinnah's Message To Muslim Students

In my humble opinion, the comments of Mr. Asad Ali on Mr. Jinnah's message to the students is much more painful than the message itself. He puts forward the prophecy of Hazrat Ali and teachings of Holy Qoran. According to him Muslims need not worry about the destruction of Islam because Islam will not be destroyed even if Muslims are careless for its preservation. I think it is utterly unwise and even silly to think like that. It seems that he does not consider the Koranic teaching from other point of view. In Koran God has plainly said that He would not help those who do not help themselves. Since the beginning of Islam to the present time we have numerous instances where above Koranic teaching is applicable. Take for example Spain. Once it was a time when the Muslims and Islam in Spain had achieved greatest glory and grandeur in the whole world. What it is today there? What Islam and Muslims are today there. I believe that it is in the hands of Muslims of India to preserve or destroy the divine gift of Islam in India. To preserve it Muslims must have definite ways and means. It's of no use to depend simply on God and doing nothing and thus disregarding His plain teaching 'I only help those who help themselves.'

GODIL A. G. M.

Fascism In Europe

Apropos "Pravda's" article on Spain you quite rightly say that "every one will agree that European peace demands liquidation of the 'Fascist nest' in Spain and restoration of that country to democracy and a place in the International Organization". But it is generally forgotten that the Fascist vermin that has been crushed in other countries of Europe has found a refuge not only in Spain but throughout the Iberian peninsula, including Portugal. If Fascism is to be totally exterminated it is not enough that only the Falangist regime in Spain be liquidated. Together with it must disappear the Fascist dictatorship of Salazar in Portugal which also treads under its feet, in medieval fashion, large colonial possessions including the tiny territory of Goa which is fast becoming a "hedge-hog" of Fascism in the vast battle ground of the fight of our national liberation.

M. A.

Wavell Plan

At this critical juncture of holding a confernce convened by H. E. the Viceroy, for arriving at a solution to end the Indian deadlock, it will not be out of place to suggest the following few points, not much unknown, be given full consideration to.

That there should be no grounds for creation of communal contest, peace solution should not mean furtherance of aggressive wars, that no Government to be established in such a shape or form, as would enslave India all the more, and finally, the transference of Control of Finance and Army after a reasonable period, leading to Poorna Swaraj, in which case, time should be the essence of the present solution. Meanwhile, to create a constitution acceptable to the Congress and the League alike.

Let us not forget that all the leaders of India, of various schools of thought, are none but fellow-country men, and that, it is in the interests of these leaders to see that all the causes of slavery are repelled, in order to avoid final ruination of all.

Let us hope that H. E. will not confer as a lord or sovereign, but will prove to be a true conqueror of the hearts of Indians, compelling country to love and save England, or God forbid to fall with England.

Let us pray that His Excellency be soon able to say that he came, he conferred and he conquered the hearts of the humanity Amen.

hearts of th ehumanity. Amen.

SHAVAKSHA NASARVANJI PUNEGAR.

Story Of Petain Betrayal Narrated In Court

General Doyen's Sensational Disclosure Of Vichy Collaboration With Hitlerism

PARIS, July 28. (Reuter): Michael Clemenceau, son of "Tiger" Clemenceau who negotiated the Versailles Treaty after the last war, stated at the sixth session of the trial of Marshal Philippe Petain in the Palace of Justice this afternoon that it was his father who made the former Vichy Chief of State a Marshal "and I swear he would regret it", cables Harold King Reuter's correspondent.

Bronzed, greyhaired and with a square jaw reminiscent of "Tiger's", the 72-year-old Clemenceau told in ringing tones of his mistrust of the 89-year-old Marshal Petain as far back as the time of Munich.

Describing M. Paul Reynaud, the former Premier and M. Georges Mandel, his Minister of Interior, as "Germany's Enemies Number One", M. Clemenceau declared in a voice which echoed through the crowded court: "Marshal Petain surrendered them to Germans".

During M. Clemenceau's testimony, the judge made another attempt to force Marshal Petain to break his self-imposed silence.

"Marshal Petain does not want to reply and will not reply," the Marshal's counsel replied. (At an earlier session Marshal Petain stated that he was unable to hear questions, since he was deaf).

M. Clemenceau said that in 1940 he wrote Marshal Petain a letter stating: "I forbid any members of your Government to make use of my father's name".

"BIT OF FILTH".

General Paul Andre Doyen, 64-year-old President of the French Armistice Commission at Wiesbaden and a member of the French General Staff, was the next witness. General Doyen referred to M. Laval as "nothing but a bit of filth", and added: "After Laval's dismissal Marshal Petain wrote to Hitler that France would continue the policy of collaboration with Germany. He wrote to me to the same effect."

There was laughter in the court when M. Paul Reynaud, recalled to the box, told how Marshal Petain said in 1932 that: "the day France has 200 planes she will be afraid of nobody".

General Doyen, a tall grey haired figure in khaki wearing decorations, said that General Stulpnagel the German Military Governor of Paris, told him: "Seven generations of Stulpnagels have made war on France. This generation must be the last."

ROMMEL'S DEMAND.

Referring to the aid demanded by Field Marshal Rommel from France, General Doyen said: "At the time of Field Marshal Rommel's offensive in Cyrenaica the Germans asked France to place at Germany's disposal all French artillery and ammunition stocks in Tunisia and Algeria and send them to Tripolitania. General Weygand and his officers nullified the effects of Vichy's orders by the illwill with which they carried them out. As the result, the first French lorry finally reached Tripolitania when Field Marshal Rommel no longer had any use for its contents."

HE CHOSE BAD ROAD

General Doyen stated that he sent 30page memorandum to the Vichy Government telling them that the German card was a losing card and must not be played as it would mean the ruin of France who should turn to America and Britain.

"Marshal Petain said he shared my opinion, but was free to choose. He chose the bad road."

M. Reynaud, during his evidence when recalled, said Marshal Petain opposed military credits and voted for continuing the Maginot Line along the northern (Belgian) frontier on the grounds that he percieved in it "veiled intentions to abandon Belgium."

General Weygand was in complete agreement with the Government, but Marshal Petain's view prevailed because of his prestige, he said.

SURPRISE WITNESS

There was a violent scene when M. Pierre Caous, President at the War Guilt Trials at Riom in 1942, appeared as a surprise witness. He protested strongly against what he called a slur cast on French magistrature by M. Leon Blum yesterday when M. Blum criticised those Magistrates who had sworn loyalty to Marshal Petain.

M. Caous said the Riom court judges never took an oath of allegiance to Marshal Petain except himself and he announced that the court had intended to attain freedom of its decision. "I defy the whole world to assert that we would ever have sentenced any one of the accused. I told Marshal Petain that nobody could expect the French High Court to declare before any peace treaty had been signed, that France was responsible for the war," added M. Caous.

Marshal Petain replied: 'You would have been made to think otherwise.'"

The public prosecutor, M. Andre Mornet, intervening declared "the fact remains that the Riom trial was ordered by Marshal Petain."

SCANDALOUS SUGGESTION

M. Maitre Isorni Marshal Petain's young assistant counsel, asked the witness whether the rumour were correct that M. Mornet had asked to be a member of the Riom Court.

The public prosecutor, leaping from his chair, exclaimed; "This is a scandalous suggestion. I would rather have gone to the concentration camp."

The trial was adjourned until Monday.

Laval Involved In Petain Trial

Woman Witness Reveals Vichy Traitor's Proposed Pact

PARIS, July 29 (Reuter): The Petain trial, which resumes tomorrow, is to an ever-increasing degree involving Pierre Laval, the Vichy Prime Minister, who is still in Spain and cannot be brought to trial in person, cables Reuter's special correspondent.

During last week's hearing many references were made to him. General Paul Andre Doyen, former President of the French Armistice Commission at Wiesbaden, called him "nothing but a bit of filth". M. Leon Blum, former Prime Minister of France, decided emphatically that "Laval led the whole game at Vichy."

Another witness, M. Francois Charles Roux, former Ambassador to the Vatican, declared that Laval made use of anything he could to attain Anglo-French relations.

An insight into Laval's intentions was given by the first woman witness to testify—a 35-year-old blonde named Mlle. Denise Petit, who until 1941 was secretary to the Director of an Italian newspaper in Paris.

Laval, she said, wanted to replace the existing alliances by a four-power pact between France, Germany, Italy and Spain. He was not proposing to bring this about by a coup d'etat but thought to achieve it by a presidential election in 1950, when he hoped M. Albert Lebrun would be replaced.

Laval is still in custody at Montjuich, a fortress above Barcelona, where he was lodged when he flew to Spain at the time of the German collapse.

Two days ago it was reported that Laval had applied to the Spanish authorities for his release after he had apparently been refused safe conduct by the French authorities to and from Paris to give evidence at the Petain trial. It was thought that he might be intending to visit Paris at his own risk.

Reuter's correspondent in Madrid states, however, that there is no confirmation in Barcelona of any plans by Laval to go to Paris for the Petain trial.

Political prisoners are specifically excluded in the extradition treaty between France and Spain.

FRITZ MANDL'S REQUEST GRANTED

MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY, July 29 (U.P.A.): Mr. Fritz Mandl, the Austrian armaments manufacturer, who was arrested by the Uruguay Police after his flight from Buenos Aires, told the United Press of America that he petitioned the Argentine President, General Edelmiro Farrell, for permission to leave Argentine after the Supreme Court had refused him writ of 'habeas corpus'. General Farrell granted him the request, he concluded.

No Hurried Conclusion Of Potsdam Talks

(Continued from Page 1)

for the next stage of the 'Big Three' conference.

"PRAVDA" ON GERMANY'S FUTURE

"Pravda", the official organ of the Communist party, to day forecasts that Germany's future would be the main subject at the resumed Potsdam talks, says Eric Downton, Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow.

"Germany", "Pravda" said, "bears the responsibility for the war, and must carry out all the demands the Allies present to her.

"It is significant that in certain well-known circles inside Germany voices have begun to be heard which try to minimize the Germans' responsibility for the war and its consequences. The statement of Bavarian bishops denying that the German people bear the responsibility recalls similar statements heard after the first world war.

The question of responsibility of the war is in a certain sense a test for determining the real character of the different German political groupings."

"PLAYING GOEBBEL'S GAME"

The "Pravda" also sharply attacks the German language newspapers in the United States, accusing some of them of playing Goebbels' game and inciting to war against the Soviet Union by Britain and America. The paper alleges that there are 60 German language papers published in the United States, which are defending Hitlerism and appealing for the rebirth of the German military might.

"ONLY IMPROBABLE THEORIES" SO FAR!

The 'Big Three' are believed now to have met 12 times, but no inkling of what has happened in those discussions, or even as to what matters have been discussed, has come from the Conference zone.

This excludes, of course, the British-American-Chinese ultimatum to the Japanese people, which was hardly related to the 'Big Three' affairs, in that the Soviet Union is not at war with Japan. Meanwhile, only improbable theories and unimportant personal details emerge in monotonous sequence from one of the greatest Conferences of the 20th century

Insanitary Ville Parle

The residents of the Ville Parle will be highly indebted if the Government take immediate steps to improve the sanitary conditions of the place. Typhoid and cholera epidemic are in full swing, and in addition to these, the scavengers have gone on strike demanding an increment in their wages and dearness allowance. It is stated that the Municipal authorities have given them a flat reply that they have no sufficient funds to meet this contingency.

It is true that we cannot blame the Municipality if the Government allows the building of two storeys indiscriminately for all sizes of plots, instead of ground floor only for less than 500 sq. yds. and one storey for above 500 sq. yds. If the latter is done, the income of the landlord as well as of the Municipality would increase to a substantial ratio to meet the contingencies.

G. G PATHARE.

Reader's Views

WHY NOT SOCCER THE NATIONAL GAME?

It may be too ridiculous to suggest to the thousands of cricket fans in the city, that given equal measure of tolerance and encouragement, soccer will soon replace cricket as our national game and that it will lend to their hearts more excitement and thrill. Coming from the lower middle class, I may be perhaps too much biassed in favour of that game which at present has got more patrons among the proletariat and comrades from overseas. Still there is no denying the fact that it would be a tragedy of Indian sport, if this stepmotherly attitude at the hands of our Nationalistic papers is to continue at the risk of the slow but steady murder of Indian foot-ball.

Thanks to the war, internationals of the calibre and repute of Tommy Walker, Ivor Powell, Denis Compton and George Curtis are all in our midst. Further opportunity presented itself for our boys to measure strength with these giants of English Soccer. No wonder, one Bhimrao, one Thomas and another Rashad congregated at Cooperage to inflict a graceful defeat to the professional Army team in the Year of Grace 1944. Few sportsmen knew of it and fewer still heard of the names of Dhakuram, Denis Compton and Rahsad. I do not in the least grudge the glory, laud and honour meted out to our cricket Heroes like Merchant and Hazare But in justice to Indian sport, should we not publicise the feats of those little men who braved the iron defences of the 'Professional Bay' with credit to their barefoots and to the Nation. Yes, I am not mistaken. There is the reason behind it. I am not erring neither on the side of exaggeration or prejudice when I am led to conclude that there is a class consciousness creeping even inside the realm of sport. In Bombay unlike anywhere else cricket is the game of the fashionable aristocrats and hence the game of kings and king of games, and soccer the pastime of the street boys and mill workers. Don't mistake me as saying that the same view is being held in all genuine sporting circles.

We owe our progress in sport to westerners. If the maximum advantage is not exploited out of the most favourable situation presented by the presence of English professionals amidst us, we stand to lose much. Tommy Walker on the field with his excellent ball control and judicious disbursement to favourable positions, Pearson (B.B.R.C.), with his opportunistic passes and lightning heads are by themselves a lesson to our budding footballers.

I may conclude by givink my earnest and emphaic support to J. C. Maitra in his campaign for the popularisation of football as he game suited to the tastes of poor India which can ill-afford to waste time and money on luxurious games as cricket. Let us be as much proud of our boys at Copperage without in the least grudging honour to our cricketers who no doubt contributed a lot to the progress of Indian Sport.

C. J. JOHN.

Catholic Schools And Non-Catholics

This year II took two small children of a friend of mine to three or four Catholic schools in Mahim for purposes of admission, but everywhere I was told that the schools were chiefly meant for Catholics and that the non-Catholics had no claim over them. But when I reminded them that they were all in receipt of Government and Municipal grants, they were in duty bound to keep the doors of their schools open for students of all denominations without any distinction. But the reply I invariably received was that the grant-in-aid was not much.

Only a few days ago I went to see the Principal of another Catholic school where my own son is receiving education: I requested him to allow the same concession in the fee as was done last year. He said that he was helpless in the matter and advised me to see a trustee of the school. But he very rudely and indignantly replied: "It was by mistake that a concession was given to the boy last year. You better take him to some other school. Here no concessions are granted to non-Catholics." I, however, reminded him of the grant-in-aid that his school was receiving from Government and the Bombay Municipality, but he replied: "What of that? Ours is a Catholic school and we do not want non-Catholics to come over here."

Had a popular Government been in existence to-day, I would have asked my friends to put questions in the Assembly and to stop this state of affairs in these Catholic schools. But in the meantime, I request the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay Province, and see that a certain fixed percentage is set apart for non-Catholics in all Catholic Institutions and also to see that the concession and privileges usually allowed to Catholics are invariably extended to non-Catholics as well. If these things are not done immediately; much harm will be done to the cause of education throughout the province. Will the Director do the needful in the matter?

"PRO BONO PUBLICO".

TREMENDOUS OVATION FOR AZAD AT RAWALPINDI

President To Leave For Gulmarg To-day

RAWALPINDI, July 29 (A.P.I.): Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, accompanied by his private Secretary, Mr. Ajmal Khan, landed at Chaklala Aerodrome at 12-20 p. m. today and was met at the aerodrome by Mian Iftikharuddin, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee. Outside the aerodrome he was received by Mr. Ahmad Yar Khan, Leader of the National Conference Party in the Kashmir State Assembly, Maulana Mohammad Yasin, President of the Punjab Congress Workers' Assembly, Lala Dev Raj, Vice-President of the Azad Reception Committee, Mr. Sri Ram, President of the Local Congress Workers Assembly and a large number of other Congressmen.

The Maulana Sahib looked cheerful and seemed to have stood the journey well. He was taken to the residence of Sardar Bahadur Sardar Mohan Singh, member of the Punjab Public Services Commission, from where he drove in a decorated car to the city.

RAWALPINDI RECEPTION

A tremendous reception was accorded to the Congress President by the citizens of Rawalpindi near the Municipal Gardens. Over 20,000 people lined on both sides of the one and a half mile route from the Municipal Gardens to Chowk Number Nine in the city. The Maulana's car passed through a dozen arches specially erected for the occasion and named after prominent Congress leaders including Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Bhagat Singh and Mr. Jai Prakash Narain.

A public reception on behalf of the Rawalpindi Motor Union and the Drivers Association was given to the Congress President.

Mian Ahmad Yar Khan, Leader of the National Conference Party in the Kashmir State Assembly, delivered to Maulana Sahib a letter from Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, the Kashmir leader, informing him of the arrangements made for him.

Besides the volunteers of the Congress Workers Assembly, the Azad Volunteer Corps, the Khaksar Volunteers and Volunteers of the Sikh Youth League participated in the reception.

The Congress President will be accorded a reception at Murree, while en route' to Kashmir. He will spend the night at Rampur dak bungalow in Kashmir territory and leave for Gulmarg tomorrow. He will be accorded a reception on behalf of the National Conference at Tangmarg tomorrow morning. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is expected to meet the Maulana Sahib at Tangmarg tomorrow.

U. P. I. adds: "Thanking the public for the tremendous ovation, Maulana Azad said: "You want me to serve the country a little longer, please leave me alone. I want to go to a solitary place for a few days to recoup my health."

Lord Wavell "Inexperienced In Statecraft"?

Tory Journal's Outburst Against His Hurry For Solution Of Deadlock

LONDON, By Mail (I.P.S.)—"India is not at present a problem disturbing the political affairs of Britain but is one of vaster questions of the country's politics. The elementary fact is that India is not a country. It is a continent containing many countries. As we in Europe are still quite unable to unite and act as a unit, it is hardly surprising that India cannot. A number of distinct parts of India could enter into very satisfactory relations with Britain. A satisfactory all-India agreement will not be achieved for a long time. It would be better to face that fact now rather than plunge into chaos."

Thus says the "Review of World Affairs," the Die-hard monthly journal edited by Kenneth Courcy, discussing the Indian question, vis-a-vis Lord Wavell's efforts to break the stalemate.

"Some of the best observers think Lord Wavell made a mistake in coming to London. Indians jumped to the conclusion that he would inevitably return with some master plan", goes on the journal. "There was in fact nothing which could not have been discussed in despatches—the production of a master plan is not possible. Indians won't agree amongst themselves. That is 80 per cent of the trouble."

Discussing Lord Wavell's experience in statecraft, the Journal says: "Lord Wavell was jumped from Aldershot soldiering into very high military affairs and then into the most complicated statecraft. Unluckily however, he is temparamentally antagonistic to Mr. Churchill. They do not easily or comfortably sit at the same table. The conditions were therefore not the best but the worst.

"Soldiers often make very good statesmen, but generally the path from Aldershot to Whitehall is long, and the going slow. Only ten years ago an M.P. to dinner at the General's red-brick Aldershot villa was a political event of considerable importance—something that would be talked of in the family for three or four days and remarked upon in Aldershot circles more than once. Wavell's circle was essentially that of a regular soldier of good regiment, moderate rank and military family. He is inclined to worry too much—this because much he has to do is strange and odd.

"He is an old friend of ours, and this is the last place from which he would be criticised. But he ought to have taken this Indian problem, a bit more slowly. The trouble is that both he and Mr. Amery have written altogether too many minutes and despatches. They say in Cabinet circles that hardly a box goes round without something from Mr. Amery and that of 12 worried despatches from Wavell, only one contained anything really to worry about. If only every one would cool down, it would be a greater thing."

WAVELL—"18-ANNA MAN"!

It continues: "Wavell, a bit of a pagon on his own confession, is brave, efficient, loyal, the best type of regimental officer—excellent on the staff in many respects, a daring commander but not sufficiently trained in statecraft to know perfectly what is serious and what is not and the implications of things like a journey to London. He also tends to be acceptance. He himself admits that Weygand completely misled him about France during the first part of the war. They were in the Middle East together in those days. Others know from Weygand himself almost exactly what was going to happen. Wavell from the same source was misled. Much the same happens in India. He believes and accepts too much. Nevertheless, he is immensely admired by Indians, and they like and trust him. They know he is an honourable gentleman—what an Indian friend of ours calls an "18-anna man" and that he is a fine soldier and single-minded servant of State. All that they know and admire. But that does not solve the problem."

In conclusion the Journal says: "Lord Wavell pays too much attention to what he is told there, while the ears of Mr. Amery and the Indian Committee are not sufficiently close to the ground. Yet there never was a harder worker than this Secretary of State. He is an extremely able man, devoted in the deepest sense to his work and above all to the empire which he profoundly believes. He is a brave man too. He know how to fight, he faced and overcome great personal sorrows, and yet so far as India goes, a very shrewd judge tells us that somehow or other he has not quite got the feel of the present situation—that is a measure of feel is lacking, whereas Wavell is too sensitive."

India Is Fifth Among All Nations In U.N.R.R.A Contributions

WASHINGTON, July 27 (U.P.A.): India leads all Asiatic nations and is fifth among all the nations of the world in her contributions to the relief funds of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (UNRRA), Roy Hendrickson, Acting Director of the UNRRA Commission said today in a statement to the United Press of America.

Hendrickson praised India without stint for her contributions to the relief fund. He said the value of Indian contributions to date is more than 24 million dollars. These donations have been made despite the fact that India herself needs relief and is still suffering from the effects of such disasters as the Bengal famine.

"India is setting an example for the whole world, "Hendrickson said. "We think the contributions of the Indian Government are a very fine thing."

The Acting Director revealed figures showing that India ranks fifth among the 44 nations comprising UNRRA with only the United States, the United Kingdom, Australia and Canada ahead of her in the order named. India is the only Asiatic nation today which has contributed to the fund. Many nations, however, are in the process of providing funds or have appropriated them with money which soon should reach the hands of UNRRA officials.

The chief Indian contribution has been jute which is being used for bags in which grain is transported to the hungry peoples of Europe. Grain is the chief food needed by these peoples and jute bags are necessary to handle it when it reaches European ports where there are no facilities for handling loose grain.

Indian jute in some cases is shipped direct to European ports where unemployed people are utilised as workers to weave it into bags. Grain then is placed in these bags from arriving ships and relayed into interior areas.

Some Indian peanuts and peanut oil also may be sent to Europe to alleviate the shortage of fats in many European areas, Hendrickson said. Other items iclude small amounts of Indian tea, pepper, etc.

Asaf Ali Back In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 28 (A.P.I.): Mr. Asaf Ali, Member Congress Working Committee arrived here this morning after a month's stay in Simla.

In an interview he said:

"I welcome the Labour victory in England.

"In a way I do not regret the termination of the Simla conference. It was overshadowed by the infructuous and unfortunate policies of the British Government which has just gone out of office. Among the complexities which faced Lord Wavell was the reactionary outlook of the powerful elements of the British Indian services. It is a pity that the League did not foresee the possibility of the undesirable consequences following its persistence in the attitude which has so far borne no fruit other than deepening gloom both for the Muslims of India and for the rest of the country.

SIPCOL FACTORY PREMISES OPENED

(From A Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 25.

"I am sure that members of the medical profession in Sind as well as in other provinces and States will extend the fullest possible patronage to your products provided you adopt the measures mentioned by me" said Mukhi Govindram Pritamdas, Minister for Industries, while performing the opening ceremony of the new premises of the Sind Industrial and Pharmaceutical Co. known as "Sipcol', its concentrated Shark Liver Oil products.

Detailing his suggestions, the Industries Minister said "The purity of your product must be assumed beyond doubt. Your present methods of production are hygienic. But there is always room for improvement. Secondly, your sales organisation should be strengthened so that you should be able to tap a sufficiently big market, though your products are good, cheap and Swadeshi.

Referring to the policy of the Sind Government, the Minister for Industries said "the help given to Sind Industrial and Pharmaceutical Company will give an indication of our policy. The concern was helped by Government first to secure temporary site and then this permanent site.

Earlier Mr. S. P. Marathe requesting the Minister to declare the premises open, traced the history of the concern. Mr. D. V. Karandikar, the Company's industrial chemist described in detail the scientific process of preparing the Shark Liver Oil and its efficiency in comparison with the Cod Liver Oil.

Gujerat Congressmen To Meet At Ahmedabad

SURAT, July 28 (A.P.I.)—The Gujarat Central Congress Committee will meet at Ahmedabad on August 4. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will be present at the meeting when the events since August 8, 1942, will be reviewed.

Prominent Congressmen all over Gujarat have been invited to be present.

New Taluka In Ahmedabad

To facilitate the administration of certain "heavy" talukas in Ahmednagar District, the Bombay Government has decided to convert Pathardi Mahal ino a taluka on August 1. The number of villages in the new taluka will be increased from 65 to 100 by transferring to it 18 villages from Shevgaon taluka, 13 from Nagar taluka and four from Newasa taluka.

One village is to be transferred from Nagar taluka to Rahuri taluka. one from Nagar taluka to Newasa taluka, and three from Parner taluka to Nagar taluka.

CONGRESS HOUSE FOR RATNAGIRI

(From Our Correspondent)

RATNAGIRI, July 26.

Owing to the growing activities of the Ratnagiri District Congress Committee, the need for a Congress House has been sorely felt for some years past. Mr. B. N. Agashe, originally of Ratnagiri and now a resident of Satara District has given on lease a plot of his with an area of about 16000 sq. ft. for the constructive programme of the Congress. It is learnt that a bust of the late Lokmanya Tilak will also be erected there. The Congress Committee is holding its first flag salutation on this new site on 1st August, the anniversary of Lokmanya Tilak.

Indian States' News

DETENUS GIVE UP HUNGERSTRIKE

(From Our Correspondent)

KHACHROD (Gwalior), July 28.

The seven arrested and detained persons of Nagda who are being prosecuted for disturbing the peace of the Nagda town had gone on a hunger strike for this last three days. Yesterday all the detenus gave up their hunger-strike on receiving an assurance that some facilities will be allowed to them in jail custody.

The Secretary of the Gwalior Sewa Samiti local Committee Khachrod has passed the following resolution which has been sent telegraphically to the Maharaja of Indore on the deportation of Bhil worker Shree Baleshwardayalu of Rajasthan Bhil Sewak Sangh Bamnia: "Pandit Baleshwardayalu, our ex-Lieutenant, working for last 8 years for Bhil uplift at Bamnia has wrongly been externed. Kindly reconsider, allow encourage his humanitarian activities from Bamnia, his residence."

Central India To Face Cattle Shortage

(From Our Correspondent)

UJJAIN, July 28 (U.P.I.): The Secretary of the All-India Jain Bhratra Sangh has received reports from several States of Central India that although the leading big States of Central India has banned the export of cattle still thousands of head of cattle every day are smuggled from these States to Dewas State markets where no ban on export of cattle has been imposed. The Secretary is making enquiries. All these cattles smuggled and sold in Dewas State markets are exported and sent to slaughter houses. If this export and smuggling will not be stopped serious cattle shortage will prevail in the whole of Central India.

INQUIRY DEMANDED

The workers of Central India States' People's Conference, Central India Kisan Sabha and Central India Civil Liberties Union celebrated Shrideva Suman day by holding a meeting under the presidentship of Mr. Ramratan Sharma. The following resolution was passed unanimously: "After knowing the condition of the Tehri State administration and the circumstances in which the Tehri Prajamandal worker Shrideo Suman died in Jail, this meeting of Central India workers is of opinion that a thorough and independent enquiry must be made into the death of Shrideo Suman in Tehri Jail and those who are found guilty must be punished.

"This meeting is of opinion that Small States like Tehri for improving the standard of administration must be amalgamated with the boarder province for administrative purposes."

APPEAL TO HELP RULER

(From Our Correspondent)

JHABUA July 27: It is alleged the some persons are now approaching the Bhils with the request that they must help the Jhabua Ruler by giving their thumb impressions on blank papers for application. In exchange, it is alleged, the Bhills are given a bottle of wine free of cost for drinking.

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION

In furtherance of the State policy of Industrial development the Jyoti Ltd., and the Sunpipe Construction Company Ltd., have been permitted for further issue of capital of Rs. 3 lakhs and Rs. 85,400 respectively for expansion of their business.

SITUATION IN BIKANER States' Political Workers Discussions

JAIPUR, July 28 (A.P.I.): An emergent meeting of the political workers of the Rajputana States held at Bharatpur considered the situation in Bikaner and Bharatpur States.

Representatives from Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur, Alwar, Sirohi, Bikaner, Karauli, Ajmer and Bharatpur states attended.

The situation in Bikaner, it is understood, will be further discussed by the Standing Committee of the All-India States People's Conference which is meeting in Kashmir on August 6, 1945.

KASHMIR DONATION FOR ALIGARH MEDICAL COLLEGE FUND

SRINAGAR, July 27 (O.P.I.): It is learnt that the Kashmir Government has donated a sum of Rs. 25,000 to the Aligarh Medical College Fund. The amount has been sent by a Cheque to the Registrar of the University.

New Approach To States Merger

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, July 28: Non-Salute States Group of eleven Durbars are meeting here on 30th July.

The visit of the Resident to Delhi has created position of inactivity and various interpretations are assigned to the abrupt and sudden summons from the Political Department on the Resident. A section of the Group is under the belief that in view of strong representation made by the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes denouncing methods adopted in implementing attachment, the agency will change its methods and tactics, whereas another section considers that bilateral agreement may receive favourable consideration in view of the firm and determined opposition against the unilateral attachment scheme. This belief does not hold good when authenticated news purporting to say that bilateral agreement is not to supersede attachment is taken into consideration.

It will not be long before the final policy and decision arising out of the meeting between the Resident and the Political Department is out but it cannot be denied that the situation created calls for new and well considered approach.

Jail Break In Military Prison Near Paris

PARIS, July 27, (U. P. A.): One hundred fifty prisoners Thursday night carried out a mass jail break from the French military prison at Villeneuve Saint Georges near Paris. Forty of the men were later recaptured, some of whom said that they had been planning to go in a body to the War Ministry to protest against their insufficient diet.

COMMUNISTS AND CONGRESS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, July 28.

According to Communist circles here there is absolutely no truth in the reports emanating in identical language from Allahabad and Lucknow and published by some newspapers to the effect that the expulsion of Communists from the Congress organisation is certain. They characterise such reports as bit of mischievous propaganda indulged in by some interested parties. Communists, it is stated, have not violated any mandate, directive or resolution passed by the Congress. In fact in August, 1942, when the Congress leaders were arrested Congress had not laid down any programme of action, according to the admission by some Congress leaders themselves nor started any movement. Under these circumstances, it is argued by certain Communists here, that a democratic organisation like the Congress nor its leaders can ever think debarring Communists from primary membership of the Congress.

ULTIMATUM TO SIND GOVT.

KARACHI, July 28. (A.P.I.): The question of the removal of the ban on the 14:h Chapter of the 'Satyarath Prakash' has been discussed between the local Arya Samajists and the two Hindu Ministers.

It is understood that Arya Samaj leaders threaten to launch direct action if the ban continues. They are, however, in touch with their All-India leaders. They propose to picket the houses of the two Hindu Ministers in case the Ministers do not resign from the Hidayatullah Government.

SATYAGRAHA THREAT.

LAHORE: The view that the 'Satyarth Prakash' Protection Committee is left with no alternative except to start satyagraha against the Muslim League Ministry of Sind was expressed in a press interview by Mahatma Khushal Chand, President of the Punjab, Sind and Baluchistan Arya Parveshik Sabha.

He said that during its last meeting at Delhi the 'Satyarth Prakash' Protection Committee would have decided to launch satyagraha against the Sind Government but for a private telegram received from a Sind Minister that all the Sind Ministers had agreed to lift the ban on the 14:h Chapter of 'Satyarth Prakash.'

Thereupon consideration of the satyagraha resolution drafted by Mr. Ghanshyam Singh Gupta was deferred. But the 'Satyarth Prakash' Protection Committee, he was now glad to learn, was now ready to give an ultimatum to the Sind Government and the Arya Parveshik Sabha, Lahore, had also decided to start satyagraha against the Sind Government, from Lahore.

CONGRESS & LEAGUE IN SIND

KARACHI: Asked whether he Sind Congress leaders would co-operate with the Muslim League leaders in the province and work for the uplift of the masses in response to the invitation from them, Dr. Choithram Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, who has just returned from Bombay, said that the subject being of an All-India nature, would be referred to the Congress Working Committee.

Dr. Choithram said the League Ministry had remained in office for three years, but they have done nothing for the masses. Congressmen in Sind would, however, be prepared to work jointly with the Nationalist Muslims for improving the condition of the masses, a matter which needed immediate attention.

LINE UP WITH REST OF INDIA

BANGALORE: Mr. K. T. Bashyam, ex-President of the Mysore State Congress who was one of the members of the Mysore Congress Delegation to Simla at the time of the Leaders Conference, arrived in Bangalore this morning.

In an interview to the "Associated Press" Mr. Bashyam said that Congress leaders at Simla, particularly Gandhiji, advised the Mysore Congress to carry out their parliamentary work on the one hand and the constructive programme of the Congress on the other in the main to educate the masses to line up in thought with the rest of India and the world.

Frontier Gandhi's Arrest Echo

LAHORE: It is understood that the Punjab Government have received the report of the District Magistrate of Attock, who ordered the arrest of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan on his entry into the Punjab.

It is learned that the Government are examining the report and the circumstances leading to the arrest and the subsequent release of the Frontier Congress leader.

An official statement on this subject is expected to be issued shortly.

Tirade Against Nehru And Mahatma

CHICAGO, July 27 (Reuter): Mr. Sunder Joshi, lecturer at Chicago University, asserted in a speech here tonight that "India has waited 20 years vainly for Mr. Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to do something concrete for India.

"Mr. Gandhi lives in another world. Pandit Nehru, though trained and cognisant of the need of social reform, has prostituted his priciples to Mr. Gandhi's reactionary politics. 'Although Mr. Gandhi gave India political self-consciousness, his entire political philosophy is outdated. He bases his politics on religion, whereas the western world has gone beyond that stage.

Pt. Nehru is primarily an internationalist, Mr. Gandhi a nationalist. Pt. Nehru is a peculiar mixture of the east and the west. He has been a keen disappointment because much was expected from his liberalism. He drifted into conservatism. Both men have been too reactionary."

Dilemma Over Press Control In Germany

Different Policies Of Soviet And Western Allies

BERLIN, July 28. (Reuter): Germany is threatened with a crisis over Allied press control, cables Sylvian Mangeot, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The solution depends on the joint policy decision by the "Big Three" on the question whether the press of the whole of Germany is to be controlled by a co-ordinated policy or whether the Soviet Authorities and the Western Allies will control two fundamentally different newspaper systems.

The Soviet system is highly political, giving immediate editorial responsibility to the Germans, and that of the Western Allies is non-political retaining editorial responsibility in Allied hands for some time to come.

The answer is needed most urgently in Berlin where information control units of British and United States military commands are about to publish German language newspapers.

Five German daily papers, published under Soviet control, are based on the right of approved political activity and expression, but subject to censorship and to the Soviet Military Authorities' ultimate right of suppression. Nevertheless in form and day-to-day control they are German newspapers run by Germans.

In the British and American zones of Germany, the conception of press control is radically different, based on the high policy decision that no German political activity is permissible. This means that German newspapers must for the present remain non-party and non-political.

The British and the Americans also believe that after 12 years of intense Nazification the German press cannot immediately recruit staffs capable of standing on their own feet and that Allies occupation authorities must for the time provide the German public with news and also discover a democratic journalistic force to take over eventual control.

Ideally, there is much to be said for the western zone policy. The Russians have however started boldly on a rough and ready experiment of teaching the new forces of the German press to swim by throwing them into midstream where they must strike out or sink.

In comparison the waterwings and prolonged teaching in shallows at the western end of the Allied pool appear unprogressive.

"Turn For Younger Men"

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 28 (Reuter): The Commander-in-Chief of the British Bomber Command, Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Harris, asked on his arrival at Recife if he would take active part in the Pacific operations, replied: "After five and a half years of war in Europe it is now the turn of younger men."

He is visiting Brazil for celebrations in connection with the return of the Brazilian Expeditionary Force from Europe.

Three Drowned In Ferry-Boat Disaster

CALICUT, July 26. (A.P.I.): At least three persons were drowned when a ferry boat carrying nearly 40 passengers capsized at Nilampur. Five others are missing.

INDIA PROTESTS AGAINST KENYA MOVE

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, July 27.

The Government of India, I learn, have protested to the Colonial Office against Kenya Government's proposal to invest the European civil population with administrative powers.

The Government of India hold the view that the proposal is unsound on principle and would be highly detrimental to the Indian settlers who are bound to resent it.

Ambassador Braden To Replace Grew

NEW YORK, July 27 (U. P. A.): Drew Pearson, the well-known columnist, to-day predicted that U. S. Ambassador to Argentina Spruille Braden will replace Joseph S. Grew, former Ambassador to Japan, as Under-Secretary of State.

Acharya & Mrs. Kripalani For Bombay

ALLAHABAD, July 27. (A.P.I.): Acharya and Mrs. Kripalani will leave for Bombay on July 28, by Bombay Mail. They have postponed their visit to Wardha on account of indifferent health of Mrs. Kripalani who, for some time, has not been keeping well. She will be examined by doctors in Bombay.

Kalelkar Meets Mahatma

WARDHAGANJ, July 27. (U.P.I.): Acharya Kaka Kalelkar met Gandhiji after three years and had talks with him in regard to the language question of India.

After his talks with Gandhiji, Acharya Kalelkar told the "United Press" that he had talks with Gandhiji in connection with Hindustani Prachar Sabha.

Mr. Lakshmi Das, a worker of the Distressed Relief Committee, Bombay, along with Mr. Gopalrao Kale, Vice-President, Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee, and Mr. Babaji Moghe, visited Ashti regarding the relief work there. Afterwards they had talks with Gandhiji regarding the same.

"MINORITIES SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO HOLD UP PROGRESS IN INDIA"

Will British Labour Leaders Implement Their Pre-election Promises?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 28.

The return of Labour to office in Great Britain is hailed here as a good omen for the future of Indo-British relations. What would Labour do to India? For reply reference is made to the Blackpool speech on May 23 of Mr. Ernest Bevin who declared: "If we are returned we will close the India Office and transfer this business to Dominions Office. That very act will give confidence that Indians are no longer governed by Whitehall."

Apropos of the Indian 'impasse', Mr. Bevin then declared: "We want all sections of Indian life to come together. We are not content to leave it to them to agree among themselves—which appears very difficult. We shall do our best to promote agreement and we should initiate steps in that direction with patience and determination."

Mr. Bevin added that the ordinary folk in England wanted settlement of this business and Labour was trying to interpret and discover the best steps to achieve a solution satisfactory to the Indian people. Mr. Bevin, however, warned Indians "not to try more pressure on us than you did on other people. We are ready to settle this problem. I am convinced that India must approach her responsibilities by the process of unwritten constitution. There is so much legality in India that when you get down to write it, you never get any agreement. I would add year by year to the India Government more and more responsibility.

CRIPPS' CLAIM

Sir Stafford Cripps has been another exponent of Labour policy on India. Speaking on the failure of the Wavell Conference, Sir Stafford claimed that it was desirable not to waste further time trying to arrive at a temporary arrangement. It was far better to expedite the means of arriving at permanent settlement in which the question of Pakistan must form a major issue. It would not be right to allow any minority, however large and important, to hold up the attainment of self-Government in India any more than it would be right to force Muslim majority provinces into a new constitutional arrangement to which they take a fundamental objection. I would urge, therefore, that the immediate outcome of the present failure should be to hold new elections in India and form, from representatives so elected, a constitution-making body to work out a new, free and self-governing constitution for British India or such part of it as is ready to consent to such a constitution.

New Delhi, therefore, anticipates that as soon as the new Government is formed in London a move in the direction indicated by Sir Stafford Cripps will be made the first step by which general elections will be held.

As already indicated Lord Wavell might go to London for further consultions.

"Greatest Monument To G. B. S"

DUBLIN, July 28 (U.P.A.): The Labour Party's victory in the British election is "probably the greatest monument to George Bernard Shaw because he did more over a period of 50 years to create the result than any other man," said Labourite L. Duffy speaking in the Senate on the Bernard Shaw-bill.

Malaviya On Labour Victory

BENARES, July 27. (A.P.I.): "The success of the Labour Party at the British general elections is a matter of sincere gratification and I thank God for it" said Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya to the Associated Press of India, when the results of the British elections were conveyed to him. Panditji added. "I hope much good will come out of it".

"VOTE FOR SOCIALISM", SAYS GADGIL

POONA, July 27. (A.P.I.): Mr. N. V. Gadgil, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, interpreted the result of the British general election as a vote in favour of Socialism as expounded by the Labour Party and against capitalism as operated by the Conservatives. "The British democracy very wisely rejected the Conservatives" he said.

Rs. 10 Lakhs Compensation To Workers In 1944

More than Rs. 10 lakhs were awarded by the Commissioners for Workmen's compensation in Bombay Province in 1944, states the report on the working of the Workmen's Compensation Act for that year.

The total awarded in contested cases, voluntarily deposited and paid under agreements registered with the Commissioners, was Rs. 10,07,010 as compared to Rs. 6,26,265 in the previous year. This was exclusive of compensation paid direct by employers to injured workmen for injuries of a temporary nature. The exact amount of these payments cannot be ascertained as returns from employers under Section 16 of the Act have been discontinued.

Australia's Contribution To Far East Offensive

CANBERRA, July 27 (Reuter):—The Australian Prime Minister, Mr. J. B. Chiefley announced in the House of Representatives today that the Australian fighting forces planned to take part in the invasion of Japan and liberation of Singapore.

It was proposed, Mr. Chiefly said, that Australia's contribution to the main offensive against Japan would be a naval squadron under its own Commander, and land components under Australian officers. It was also suggested that Australia should send a token force to fight alongside the British in the invasion of Singapore to avenge the 1942 defeat and help in the liberation of the Australian prisoners.

Bomber Crashes Into Empire State Building

NEW YORK, July 28, (Reuter): An aeroplane apparently lost in heavy mist, crashed into the "Empire State Building" of New York which is the world's second tallest building, this morning.

The plane struck at about the seventeenth floor level with a heavy explosion. Fire brigades have been rushed to the building which is on fire.

The plane had roared over at a low level, skimming the neighbouring skyscrapers before the crash. As it hit the building, it burst into flames and fragments fell into the canyon-like streets far below. The fire in the building itself spread to several floors and to neighbouring buildings.

Few people were working in the building as it was Saturday morning and the casualties are not expected to be heavy.

The plane, which was the first ever to crash into one of New York's skyscrapers was later identified by an Army pilot as a two-engined Mitchell bomber with a crew of three. A number of lift attendants are missing.

The "Empire State Building" is the tallest skyscraper in the United States, being 1248 feet high, but comes after the "Palace of the Soviets" in Moscow which rises 1365 feet and is the highest building in the world.

Dharwar Reception To Diwakar

HUBLI, July 28 (A.P.I.): A unique reception was accorded to Mr. Rangarao Diwakar, the beloved leader of Karnataka, by the citizens of Dharwar this evening on his first arrival in the city after his release from Hindalka Jail.

The main road from station to Karnataka high school, the scheduled route, was delightfully decorated. Mr. Diwakar was garlanded at every half a furlong. His old associates and friends met the leader and paid their respects.

A welcome meeting was held at the Karnataka High School ground. Mr. Diwakar made an extempore speech justifying the work done by Karnataka workers during the August 1942 movement.

Mr. Diwakar is proceeding tomorrow by mail to Bombay to meet his friends there. It is expected he would take a chance to go over to Wardha to see Mahatma Gandhi.

U. S. STRIKERS WARNED.

LONDON, July 28. (Reuter): New York Radio to-day said that the United States Under-Secretary of war, Mr. Robert Patterson, has warned the 50,000 strikers who were engaged in making Superfortress engines and parts, that supplies are so short that the attacks on Japan would have to be reduced in a matter of days, if the strikes continued.

Two plants, he said, manufactured four-fifths of all 'B' 29 (Superfortress) engines and the production of bomber engines had dropped to a virtual standstill.

INDUSTRIAL REQUIREMENTS
Plaster of Paris, Asbestos, Magnesia, Asbesto composition, Graphite, Plumbego, Fire cement, Fire clay, Silica Powder, Pumice Stone Powder, Gum Powder, French Chalk, Polishing Powder, Emery, China clay, Mineral white & all other minerals.
Enquire at:—
GANPAT HARJIWAN
INDIAN CLAY & RAW PRODUCTS SUPPLY CO.
FACTORY: MAZGAON. PHONE 40794.
OFFICE NAGDEVI, BOMBAY 3 PHONE 20238.

"First Test" For Labour Sincerity

Abolish India Office, Lift Ban On Congress And Release Politicals, Says Brailsford

LONDON, July 29. (A.P.I. Special): Veteran Journalist, H. N. Brailsford discussing Britain's Labour Government writes in the 'Reynolds News' today: "India will offer the first test alike of our sincerity and our tact. What can be done immediately after Lord Wavell's undeserved failure?

Three things are obvious: to restore provincial self-government, to release all political prisoners and to lift ban on Congress. But one gesture we can make at once. Let Mr. Amery be the last Secretary of State for India: his defeat marked an epoch.

By transferring Indian Affairs to the Dominions office we can make a clean break with the past and demonstrate our will to give this nation her freedom."

BRITAIN'S REVOLT AGAINST TORY RULE

Why Play Second Fiddle To America And Russia? Reactions To Labour Victory

MADRAS, July 28 (A.P.I.): The Labour victory in the British elections is uniformly welcomed by all newspapers here, both English and Vernacular.

The 'Hindu' states that progressives all over the world would heartily share the satisfaction of the new Premier at the results, for "to say the least the mere defeat of reaction in the citadel of imperialism is a great gain to the cause of democracy everywhere."

"Obviously, a progressive foreign policy", the paper states, "is impossible for Britain so long as she continues to hold on to empire. So far as the outside world is concerned, it will judge Labour by its treatment of subject peoples. There are many dark spots in the Empire where racial domination is rampant, many slums of human squalor and misery, large territories where self-government is denied. Published statements of Labour's empire policy have not been satisfactory, but the verdict of the people of Britain is clearly against the policy of economic and political domination which leads to unemployment, international ill-will and war. Unless Labour proceeds on the basis that freedom is indivisible and that it must be granted at once to all peoples, it cannot realise its primary aim of ensuring world peace and prosperity."

"ON DOMESTIC ISSUE"

"Though Foreign Affairs, including India, loom largely in the newspapers there is no doubt whatever that the election was decided upon domestic issues", says "The Mail."

The paper adds: "The Labour Party went to the country with an attractive, well-compacted programme. And, not less important, it possessed the glamour always attaching to an untried party. It assumes office at a time of supreme difficulty; if it achieves only a fraction of what it has set out to do, Britons will be content.

"The Andhra Patrika" says: "Though the cause of Indian independence has very little to gain in the immediate future, it is difficult to find among Indian Nationalists one who would not feel happy at the sweeping success of the British Labour Party. So far as India is concerned, the one thing that matters, if at all, is the end of the Churchill-Amery era so well determined by the defeat of the Secretary of State for India.

"Immaterial For India"

PESHAWAR, July 28 (A.P.I.): Khan Ali Gul Khan, President of the North-Western Frontier Provincial Congress commenting on British election results says: "Keeping in view the actions of the last Labour Government of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, India should not have high expectation from the new Labour Government of England. So far as India is concerned any change in the Government of England is immaterial as it will have no change in the old policy of Whitehall.

"Revolt Against Tory Rule"

MASULIPATAM, July 28 (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Member, Congress Working Committee in a statement says that British character has asserted itself not merely against Indian administration but the whole range of Churchill's rule.

Dr. Pattabhi says: If Amery had been returned, the verdict so indicated of his Burmingham electorate would have been a slur on British character. But that character has asserted itself not merely against the Indian administration, but the whole range of Churchill's rule, his playing of second fiddle to America, his wholesale submission to Russia, his repudiation of the Atlantic Charter, his pusillanimity in regard to colonial independence. Whether Labour which had toed the line with the Tory so far will have the guts to assert its highest ideals of socio-economic reform" remains to be seen. So far as India is concerned, she cannot forget the fact that the worst repression was visited on her as much in the time of Sir Sydney Oliver (Lord Oliver) and Mr. Wedgewood Benn as in the time of Lord Zetland or Mr. Leopold S. Amery, but one good result may confidently be predicted and that is that the two hundred families of Britain can no longer have the monopoly of running the Empire according to chronic Tory standard and policies of imperialism."

STEPS FOR ABOLITION OF INDIA OFFICE

Labour Party Call Early Meeting

LONDON, July 29 (U.P.I.): Mr. Attlee's announcement of the first six names of his Cabinet has caused some surprise. The Foreign Office has gone to Mr. Bevin as forecast by the United Press of India earlier in the week, but great surprise is caused at the absence of a name for War Minister. Critics are already saying whether it is symptomatic of the general attitude of the Labour Movement which is known to be inclined towards pacifism.

Contrary to all expectations Sir Stafford Cripps has been sent to the Board of Trade instead of to the India Office for which post now Lord Listowel and Lord Wedgwood Ben, former Secretary of State for India, in the Labour Cabinet of 1930, are mentioned.

Labour Members met today in the Beaver Hall in London where the Indian issue was informally discussed among those who are taking keen interest in the subject.

The United Press of India learns that Messrs. William Dobbie and John Hynd, newly elected members, have planned to call an early meeting of 30 members to consider what steps can be taken to abolish the India Office as forecast by Mr. Bevin, now Foreign Secretary.

They believe that this would give India recognition of her equality with the other members of the Commonwealth.

Russian Reaction To Labour Victory

MOSCOW, July 28 (Reuter): Russia expects a "new deal" in Europe to follow Britain's change to Labour Government, says Duncal Hooper, Reuter's special correspondent.

The view of unofficial observers here is that while Mr. Winston Churchill's coalition was the rock for the Anglo-Soviet alliance during the war, the Soviet people now have even greater hopes of finding in the Labour Government an ally for the difficult initial period of establishing lasting peace in Europe.

It is felt here that the task which Britain, the Soviet Union and America now have in hand is going to be greatly facilitated by the British electorate's decision.

Russia Expects Smoother Co-operation With Labour Govt. In Britain

MOSCOW, July 27. (Reuter): The Russians generally are looking forward to a smoother path for co-operation with Britain after labours' victory, cables Duncan Hooper Reuter's special correspondent.

In some quarters here, it is suggested that an Anglo-Russian alliance may have helped the Labour Party on its road to victory since the British Right Wing found its hands largely tied when it came to attacking its Labour opponents from the flank by criticism of the Soviet Government.

Indian Independence In U. S. Senate

Election Surprises

Pro-India Men Returned With Big Majorities!

LONDON, July 28 (U.P.I.): The most significant and symptomatic feature of the British election results from the Indian viewpoint has been that the Labour and the Progressive M.P.'s in the last Parliament who had consistently championed the Indian cause and expressed sympathy with the Indian demand for independence have all been returned to the new Parliament—in most cases with greatly increased majorities, writes the "United Press of India" Political Correspondent.

These include Messrs. Cove, Reginald Sorensen, John Hynd, William Dobbie, Rhys Davis, Haden Guest, Alex Sloane, William Gallacher, Jimmy Maxton, Campbell Stephens, Tom Driberg, Wilfred Roberts, John McGovern, D. N. Pritt, Aneurin Bevan, Clement Davies, P. G. Barstow and Mrs. Edith Summerskill.

What is equally significant is that among many Labour M.P.'s elected for the first time there are a number of well-known left wing supporters of India. These include Messrs. Michael Foot, John Stratchy, K. Zilliacus, Richard Crossman and Mrs Lucy Middleton. India, the Correspondent adds, can, therefore, hope for a much greater measure of backing in the new Parliament.

PALME DUTT ON AMERY'S DEFEAT

LONDON, July 28. (U.P.A.): R. Palme Dutt, who although defeated in the election, contributed much to the defeat of Leopold Amery, told the United Press of America that "The overwhelming defeat of Amery is an outstanding achievement of the national election for world democracy. The campaign of the Communist Party despite the smallness of the votes can claim that it played a definite part in this achievement"

Dutt said that "The reduction of Amery's votes from seventeen thousand to eight thousand is largely the result of our work—and Labour agents have admitted so much to me in conversations"

He added that the nature of the Communist campaign relating to India means the "victory of India's cause".

"I should like to thank Indian friends for the encouragement and support accorded us and assure them of our wholehearted support of the Labour Party", Dutt said.

No Peerage For Amery?

LONDON, July 27. (U.P.A.): Voicing the relief felt by the majority of Indians here over the election results, Dr. V. K. Krishna Menon, President of the India League, to-day said that "Mr. Leopold Amery's defeat spells victory for the cause of India as he always kept the India question in the cold storage."

Dr. Menon and others also asserted that the ousting of Amery by his Labour opponent would mean his complete obliteration from the political field. They expressed the opinion that he cannot be elevated to the peerage as his son, John Amery, is facing a treason charge.

17 SEATS STILL VACANT

Two Prospective M.P.'s Die & One Killed In Car Accident

LONDON, July 28 (Reuter). There are now 17 vacant places in the Commons, either because the results are not yet known or because of by-elections. Smethwick, where Mr. Alfred J. Dobbs, newly-elected Labour Member was last night killed in a car accident near Doncaster, joins Bromley and Monmouth as a seat where a by-election will have to take place because of the death of the member.

Sir Edward Campbell and Mr. L. R. Pym, Conservative members for Bromley and Monmouth respectively, died after polling day. Each was declared elected last Thursday.

There will also have to be a by-election at Ashton under Lyne, following the appointment of Sir William Jowitt, K. C. Labour Member, as Lord Chancellor.

At Hull (Central) there was postponed election because of the death of the Labour candidate, and the result will be declared on Thursday, August 9.

The Universities of London, Wales, Queens (Belfast) and Oxford (two seats) will declare their results on Monday, and Cambridge University with two seats will make its representatives known on Tuesday.

Member for the combined English Universities (two seats) will be announced on Wednesday, and for the Scottish Universities (three seats) on Thursday.

"Seven British Comrades" Pledge For Indian Freedom

CALCUTTA, July 28 (A.P.I.)—A communication from "Seven British comrades," who were serving with the armed forces, was read at the general Council of the All-India Trade Union Congress today, "rejoicing in the shattering defeat of the British Imperialists and reactionaries in the general elections and in the brilliant victory of the United Trade Union Movement.

The signatories further pledged themselves to give all assistance to the Indian people in their fight for freedom and decent conditions of life.

Democrat's Hit At Churchill And Br. Empire!

WASHINGTON, July 28 (Reuter): The first reference to Indian independence in relation to the San Francisco Charter and the new British Government was made in the Senate here today by Mr. Genn Taylor, the Left Wing Democratic Senator.

He declared "The Liberal trend which has been displayed in the British elections will make it easier for the provision of a charter relating to the future of colonies and dependent peoples to be realised so that they may eventually have their freedom.

The fact that the Labour Government has come to power in Britain, I am sure gives new courage to those in India who have put up a long and courageous struggle for the freedom of their country.

I do not expect the British Government to abrogate totally and unconditionally the statement of Mr. Churchill: "I will not preside over the dissolution of the British Empire". I do not expect them to dissolve the Empire, but I foresee that they will give dependent countries and colonies the opportunity to achieve a measure of self-Government."

U. S. SENATE RATIFIES IT

WASHINGTON, July 28 (Reuter).—The United States Senate today ratified the United Nations San Francisco Charter.

President Truman has intervened in the last few hours of the Great United States Senate debate on the United Nations Charter. President Truman has sent a message from Potsdam stating his clear intention of putting to the Congress the question of the use of American forces to keep international peace.

President Truman said, it would be his purpose to ask Congress for appropriate legislation to approve any agreements negotiated with the Security Council regarding the allotment of United States forces to the United Nations police force.

"Wait And See" Says Muthuranga Mudaliar

MADRAS, July 27. (A.P.I.): Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, President, Tamil Nad Congress Sangham, said: "I am more pleased with the defeat of the Conservative Party and Mr. Amery than with the success of the Labour Party. Last time when Labour was in office, their policy was a matter for total disappointment for India. But recently Labour leaders have expressed themselves in favour of India attaining freedom. Let us wait and see how the new Labour Government will give effect to their pre-election pronouncements without pinning our faith in them".

WILL FRANCO FIGHT SOVIET?

LONDON, July 29. (U.P.I.): General Franco's difficulties are increasing everyday. The Spanish Press makes no secret of its disappointment at the result of the British General Elections. It fears that the victorious Labour Party will now join hands with the Soviet Union in ousting the Franco regime from Spain.

Moscow has put a nasty diplomatic poser, according to the "Reynolds News" to the Spanish Government. It wants to know whether 4,000 prisoners of a blue division, who were bagged in Russia, are recognised by General Franco, or are considered 'franc-tireurs', and so are liable to be shot.

If he claims them he openly admits that Spain has been actively engaged in fighting the Soviet.

WALL STREET MARKET IRREGULAR

Cotton Steady And Chicago Improves On Mexican Buying

NEW YORK, July 27.

Wall Street opened irregular and fairl active. Scattered issues tried for recovey, although many leaders were depressed by light selling. The revival of bearishness was again blamed to the defeat of the Churchill Government. However special situations earnings and dividends accounted for some buying. The market regained its equalibrium in the afternoon under the leadership of rails, although many leaders continued to suffer from light selling. The belief that the list was oversold after the British election upheaval aided sentiment somewhat. Steels joined the recovery and dailings quickened at interval. While advances up to one point were well distributed towards the close, losses were plentiful and the market closed irregular. American Telephone 177-1/8 (177-5/8), Amerex Corpn 31-1/8 (31-3/8), Anaconda Copper 32-1/8 (32). Chase National 40-1/2 (40-3/4), Consolidated Oil 15-3/4 (14-1/2), Firestone Tyre 53-1/2 (52-3/4), General Electric 42-1/8 (42), General Motors 65-1/2 (65-1/4), Ingersol Rand 114 (110) International Nickel 32 (31-1/2), National City Bank 42-1/2 (43), New York Central 25-7/8 (25-1/4), Socony Vacuum 15-1/4 (14-3/4), Texas Corpn. 51-1/4 (51-1/2), Union Carbon 85-3/4 (85), U S. Smelting 59 (59-5/8), U S. Steel Corpn. 67 (66-3/8), Western Union Telegraph 46 (46-1/2).

COTTON AWAITS MID-JULY PARTL.

Cotton opened quiet. The market early was hesitant and then steadied due to scattered price fixing against textile orlers and the steadier tendency in grains and securities possibly attributable to more sober views of the British elections and no confirmation of Japanese peace rumours and then became quiet on the approach of the usual weekend uncertainties and disposition to await the Mid July parity price on Monday. Latterly prices ruled very steady on routine trade demands and absence of hedges and any fresh disturbing news. The session closed very steady.

MEXICAN BUYING IN CHICAGO

Chicago grains ruled firm under the leadership of wheat on aggressive mill buying against broadscale flour business and reports that the Mexican Government is in the market for supplies of United States wheat. However oats are reflecting the approaching new crop movement and favourable weather for maize.

September 1.64-7/8 to 1.65 (1.63-1/2 to 1.63-5/8)

December 1.64-5/8 to 1.65 (1.63-5/8 to 1.63-7/8)

May 1.64 to 1.64 (1.63-1/2 to 1.63-1/2)

N. Y. BANK SHARES

NEW YORK, July 27. (UPA). Prices of shares in major New York City banks declined over a point in over-the-counter trading today.

National City Bank of New York closed at 42 1/2 bid, 44 1/2 asked; compared with the previous close of 43 3/4 bid, 45 3/4 asked

NEW YORK, July 28.

The market opened quiet and barely steady and declined further on hedging and scatterel liquidation from timid holders in view of weekend uncertainties and the belief that the Japanese rejection of the joint ultimatum was discounted by the market. Finally prices steadied on mill buying against textile orders and the market closed steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, July 28.

October	22.80
December	22.79
January	22.76
March	22.80
May	22.75
July	22.52
Middling Spot	23.23

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, July 28.

October	22.79
December	22.81
January	unquoted
March	22.80
May	22.77
Middling Spot	22.35

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, July 28.

T. T. London on:

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 byers 4.03-1, 2 Midrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, July 27

T. T. London on:

Sellers 4.02-1, 2. buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

Chinese Forces Capture Kweilin

Bid To Recover Canton-Hankow Railway: "Voluntary Retreat By Japs"

CHUNGKING, July 28, (Reuter): Kweilin an important communication centre in Kwangsi and former air base of the fourteenth United States air force, has been completely liberated by Chinese ground forces, states a Chinese News Agency despatch from the Kwangsi front.

The capture of the city has not yet been officially confirmed Kweilin fell to the Japanese in November, 1944.

Paving Way For Invasion Of China

LONDON, July 29 (Reuter).—The Big Chinese offensive in southern China now under way, with 36 divisions thrusting in five directions, may pave the way for the Allied invasion of China.

The general plan of campaign—in the latest attack, the Chinese have smashed into Kweilin, 50 miles north-west of Canton—seems to be to recover the Canton-Hankow railway lost last year, to encircle and drive the Japanese in the south-east back into Canton, probably to invade Indo-China and then to prepare beachheads for the Allies either near Hong Kong or possibly northern Indo-China.

For a potential invasion of China, the area on either side of Hong Kong contains plenty of good landing ground and bays—notably Bias Bay, the pirate lair of former days through which the Japanese took Canton in 1938.

In this area, the Chinese have already driven through to Leungkong, 150 miles west of Hong Kong while another force has taken Chaoan, behind Swatow.

Two hundred miles north of Canton, the Chinese forces attacking on a 100-mile front on each side of Kanhsien is apparently aiming to cut off all the Japanese in the south-east.

In the extreme south, the Chinese have virtually cleared all the Indo-China frontier and at one point crossed it to take Monkay.

They are also pushing into Liuchow Peninsula, towards Hainan island.

JAPS' VOLUNTARY RETREATS

Far to the north, a Chinese force is attacking through western Huan, towards Changsha, the strategic centre of the Canton-Hankow Railway. In these successes, there have been voluntary retreats by the Japanese, but they have been hit very hard in several places.

Three Jap Submarines Sunk

GUAM, July 28 (Reuter).—The Japanese battleship 'Haruna' and 'Ise', and the cruisers 'Aoba' and 'Oyoda' were left burning after Saturday's United States' third fleet Carrier aircraft attacks on the inland sea area, states the 'communique' from Admiral Nimitz Headquarters.

The 'communique' confirmed earlier reports from the fleet that the Japanese battleship 'Huga,' which was hit in the same area on Tuesday, is now resting on the bottom with the decks awash.

The escort aircraft carrier 'Kaiyo', previously damaged was damaged still further in Saturday's strikes. Saturday raiders also sank three Japanese submarines and damaged 12 other ships, including four destroyers.

RUSSO-ITALIAN AMITY

ROME, July 28 (Reuter).—The Soviet Ambassador M. Kostylev, has informed the Italian Government that the Soviet Union intends immediately to open general consulates at Milan and Naples and consulates at Genoa and Venice.

The Italian Foreign Minister has notified the Ambassador of the Italian Government's satisfaction at a step which will promote renewal of Italo-Soviet commercial relations and strengthen the general relations between the two countries.

COMPLAINTS OF HEAVY WEEVILS INFESTATION

NEW YORK, July 26.

Cotton was irregularly lower under staple long liquidation and New Orleans selling spurred by persistent talk of an early peace in the Pacific and disappointment over the outcome of the British elections. A prominent Southeastern spot house reported weather conditions in the first half of July most favourable. On the other hand, complaints of heavy weevil infestation continue unabated. The approval of the Brettonwoods monetary agreement to enlarge and increase the lending facilities of Import Export Bank is expected to result in a greater movement of cotton and other commodities with some quarters predicting that shipments abroad for the year ending June 30th 1946 will be 3,300,000 bales. It is understood that the Commodity Credit Corporation is studying plans to dispose upward of a million bales of low grade holdings with one plan under discussion namely to sell large quantities to paper mills at 80 cents pound. Although trading in spots is considered slow, mill interest in new crop deliveries is steadily expanding with several spinners reported covering a portion of their requirements as far ahead as the third quarter of 1946.

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 20th July.

Demand Liabilities in India	623,82,29,000
Time Liabilities in India	242,01,88,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	29,46,91,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,37,99,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	59,78,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	68,11,76,000
Advance in India	286,04,49,000
Bills discounted in India	14,85,30,000

Indore Market

INDORE, July 28.

Following are closing quotations Indore Malwa 772 Rukamchand 886 Bhandari Mill 779 Vinodmill 868 Kalyanmal 785 Kalyanmal pref. 170 Rajkumar 170 Indore Bank 70.

Karachi Cotton

KARACHI, July 28.

Cotton Ready Sind Desi 39.12 Punjab 24, 8 Sind N. 46, 8 Fturf 40 4 ready. The market was quiet unsteady and business was very small, arrivals 3111 January in private remained around 45 Silver, Tuesday delivery 134 2 Gold 77/14 closed easier at days lowest.

Hapur Rates

HAPUR, July 28.

Bullion market ruled very unsteady Silver 136/8 Gold 78.8 Wheat 10/4 Stock 54 Gram 8/14 Pees Ready New 7/8 Old 6/10 Ctock 99 Arhar New 7/6 Old 6/8 Stock 86 Bejhir 8/6 Stock 9 Gur 10/5 Urd 14.8 Moong 10,10 Oats 9 8 Juar Ready 8 14 Mal 8 15, 6 Birdanu Asoj 54

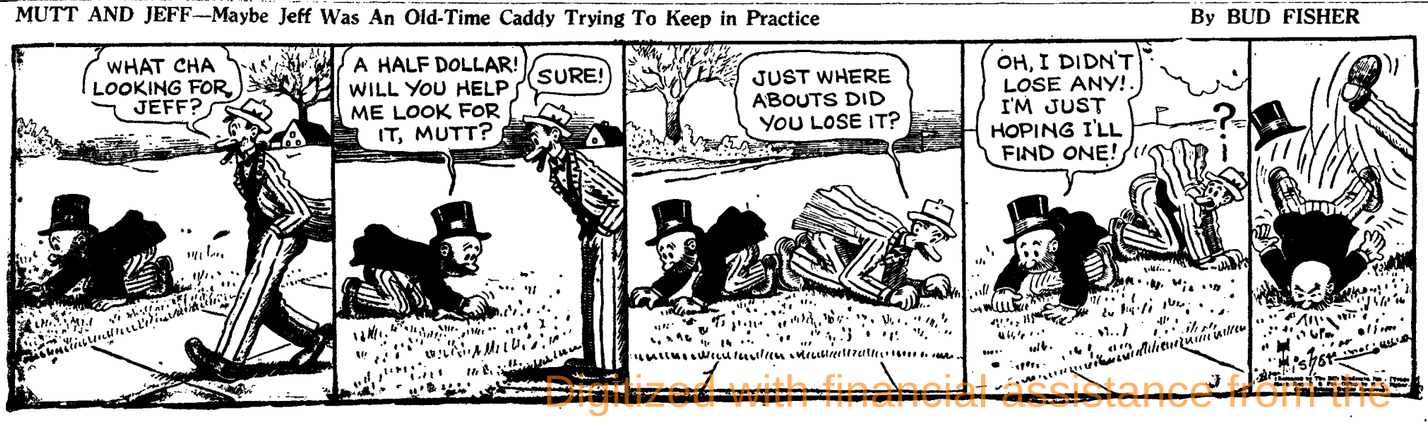
RENAISSANCE in Hair dressing

CALCHEMICO'S HAIR PREPARATIONS With VITAMIN 'F'

CASTOROL & BHRINGOL for beautiful and Luxuriant hair.
SILTRES the Ideal Shampoo. Keeps hair lustrous and alluring.
LA-I-JU. Lime cream Glycerine for smart hair dressing.

CALCUTTA CHEMICAL—CALCUTTA.
BOMBAY OFFICE PRINCESS STREET.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Was An Old-Time Caddy Trying To Keep in Practice By BUD FISHER


WHAT CHA LOOKING FOR, JEFF?
A HALF DOLLAR! WILL YOU HELP ME LOOK FOR IT, MUTT?
SURE!
JUST WHERE ABOUTS DID YOU LOSE IT?
OH, I DIDN'T LOSE ANY! I'M JUST HOPING I'LL FIND ONE!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8-

to be paid in advance.

SOCIAL

For Friendship, Matrimony, hobbies ladies and gents join "Friends", 24|26, Ramghat, Benares. (6934)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Graduate or Matriculate Gujarati knowing Lady Teacher immediately. Apply Principal Cutchi Visha Osval Jain High School, Samuel Street, Bombay—9. (6951)

Men with experience in wheat and wheat products, preferably with flower milling qualification. Salary from Rs. 200/- to Rs. 600/- according to qualification. Reply by post, with true copies of testimonials, giving age and details of experience to the Assistant Director (Wheat), Directorate of Inspection & Control, Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal, 11A, Free School Street, Calcutta. 4174

Wanted in Mofussil D.O.M.S. passed Doctor for Charitable Eye Hospital and qualified Lady Doctor and Midwifery passed Nurse for Maternity Hospital. Apply sharp with full particulars of age, qualifications, experience and nationality with copies of testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 8946, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted capable local Representatives to push sale of Machineries (Cotton & Tape looms) on salary and commission. Apply with reference Pravati Trading Corporation, 22F, Ramdhon Mitter Lane, Calcutta. 8954

Wanted immediately for Suburban High School, Graduates for History, English for higher classes. Apply sharp with minimum salary expected to Box No. 8942, "Bombay Chronicle."

If you want any kind of Employment, apply to Hastings & Co., Employment Agents Cloth market, Delhi. 8960

Wanted:— Candidates desirous of Railway service. Monthly scholarship & Rail fare terms. Apply with stamp to:— The Manager, Indian Railways Training School, Ambala City. 8945

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

6 Prizes & Medals awarded to Banaji's Tutorial Commercial class Kennedy Bridge Gowalia Tank Bombay in Advanced London Banking & Auditing Diplomas. Courses for Non-Matriculates Undergraduates, Graduates. Morning (9—9-45) or Night (8-10—9) as convenient. L.C.C., F.C.C.S. (Secretarial) F.B.A.A. (Accountancy & Auditing) Diplomas. New batches to be formed 2nd & 16th August & 3rd September.

Free Tuition Eng/Maths up to Inter in return for two rooms any healthy locality. Reasonable rent. Success guaranteed. Write Box No. 8962 "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS WANTED

Advertiser wishes to buy over safe, lucrative, small running business or welcomes similar business schemes. State particulars to Box No. 8947, "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For immediate sale, an Art Silk Mills, comprising one hundred looms and necessary equipment. Apply Box No. 8930 "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dealers. The Luxmi Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). 8955

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a Cotton Bowl new or used for Calender Machine. Diameter from 20" to 24", length from 70" to 76". Communicate with Post Box No. 20 Amritsar. (4147)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Advance essential, Sweetest Mango Fruits 100, Rs. 16|-; Mango, Lichi, Seedless Guava grafts dozen Rs. 24|-; Kaghzilime Rs. 12|-; Sirkari Bagh, Darbhanga. 8419

Disputed Documents:—For identification of Handwriting, Finger Prints, Consult Mr. C. T. Bhanagay, Document Expert, Nagpur. 8956

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the purchase of Scrap Timber. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1|- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 13-8-1945 at 3 p. m. (N.S.T.). (4213)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

REVISION OF TIMINGS OF SUBURBAN TRAIN SERVICES

WITH EFFECT from 1st August, 1945, timings of some of the Suburban trains will be revised and therefore a new time table will come into force from that date. For revised timings please see Sheet Time Tables exhibited at all Suburban stations on and from 1st August, 1945. Copies of the new time table will be available from principal Suburban booking offices or Book stalls. 4246

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE NEW METRO INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED,

Registered Office.

Jan Mansion, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of August, 1945, at Jan Mansion, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road. Fort, Bombay, Registered Office of the Company at 4 p.m. (New S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, the audited Revenue Accounts, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet for the period ended 31st December. 1944.
2. To elect Directors in place of Messrs. K. H. Morjharia, M. B. Thakker and G. V. Salvekar who retire by rotation but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business that may be brought forward with the permission of the Chairman.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 29th July, 1945, to 16th August, 1945, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
L. V. VOHRA,
Secretary.

Bombay, 28th July, 1945.

N.B.—This notice is published for the information of all concerned and particularly for the following persons:

A. V. Patel, A. T. Rosario, A. P. Cordeiro, A. J. A. C. DeSouza, A. L. Sequeira, A. C. Ncronha, A. F. DeSouza, A. S. Patel, A. F. Pires, A. S. Castelino, A. G. Esmail, A. F. Saldanha, A. Rashid, B. S|o. W. S. Dhami, B. H. Chohan, B. S|o. T. Singh, B. Dhiri, B. M. Correa, B. Singh, B. M. Patel, B. Kher, B. V. Patel, B. K. Patel, B. R. Patel, B. L. Desai, C. N. Patel, C. K. Patel, C. Gill, C. M. Mascarenhas, C. F. R. Pais, C. A. Sequeira, C. F. Lobo, C. V. De Souza, C. Antao, C. C. Saldanha, C. K. Patel, C. I. Patel, C. A. Lobo, C. R. E. Santo, C. F. A. Saldanha, C. R. T. Noronha, C. J. De Cruz, D. P. Bhagat, D. V. Patel, D. T. Gandhi, D. X. Martyres, D. P. Shah, D. A. D'Souza, D. J. D'Souza, D. J. F. D'Souza, D. D. Weeraratna, D. D. Patel, D. A. Bavisha, D. Madan, D. C. Bilimoria, E. D'Souza, E. M. F. Furtado, E. De Mello, E. M. A. Tarabally, F. Bhandari, F. C. Fernandes, F. H. Patel, F. X. Lobo, G. L. Patel, G. M. Patel, G. V. Patel, Miss Ganga Topandas, G. Da Costa, G. S. Amin, G. R. Patel, G. V. Ruparilia, G. Vasanji, G. D. Berve, G. N. E. De Silva, G. D. Gidoomal, G. K. Patel, H. M. Gor, H. G. Thanawala, H. G. George, H. M. Patel, H. Jinabhai, I. H. Patel, I. M. Arya, J. F. Mascarenhas, J. Dantes, J. S. Castelino, J. M. Pais, J. F. Barreto, J. M. D'Souza, J. A. Sequeira, J. X. Fernandes, J. De Souza, J. M. S. De Costa, J. P. Noronha, J. B. Fernandes, J. R. Viegas, J. M. De Sa, Mrs. Jamna Topandas, J. E. Lobo, J. Usufali, J. K. Patel, J. M. Pereira, J. C. Lobo, J. Kuruneru, J. R. Fitter, J. R. Sequeira, J. B. C. D. Souza, J. Remedios, J. B. Da Costa, J. Fernandes, K. S|o. U. Singh, K. R. Khagram, K. S|o. S. Singh, K. H. Prajapatti, K. R. Mistry, L. C. J. Dias. L. J. Fernandes. L. B. Picardo, L. M. Viegas, L. S|o. C. Shai, Mrs. L. H. Gandhi, L. J. Mehta, L. C. J. F. Faleiro, M. N. Patel, M. M. Patel, M. Britto, M. G. Patel, M. R. & Sons, M. Bhandari, M. A. D'Souza, M. Rahemtula, M. J. Shah, M. C. A. D'Souza, M. Sequeira, M. R. Pankhill, M. A. F. De Barros, M. U. Patel, M. Z. Patel, M. M. Abdulally, M. S. Patel, M. J. Patel, M. Monteiro, M. Bhagvanji, M. S. Patel, N. S. Patel, N. F. C. Mattos, N. D. Kotak, N. R. Patel, N. Bhagwanji, N. S|o. S. H. Singh & N. V. Sidhpura, O. Anandji, P. J. Patel, P. V. Mehta, P. L. Patel, P. I. P. DeSouza, P. N. Patel, P. D. Bavali, P. E. D'Souza, P. B. Patel, P. N. Rebello, P. L. C. Furtado, P. De Souza, P. G. Shoemaker, R. B. Patel, R. S|o. B. Singh, R. J. Thakore, R. Sequeira, R. B. Soni, R. Z. Patel, R. Prashar, R. M. Patel, R. D. Patel, R. P. Patni, R. M. Doshi, R. A. I. B. Almeida, R. J. Desai, R. B. Patel, S. F. Nunes, S. Makanbhai, S. De Mello, S. S. Patel, S. M. De Souza, S. C. D'Souza Rantos, S. S. Panchal, S. P. J. Albuquerque, S. F. D'Souza, S. D'Souza, S. E. S. Sarafally, S. L. Patel, Mrs. S. M. Patel, S. C. Trivedi, S. M. Makwana, S. A. C. Tellis, S. F. Dias, S. R. Patel, S. D. Mayer, T. C. D'Souza, T. C. Pereira, T. S. P. Castelino, T. E. S. Sarafali, T. M. Abdulally, T. Cordeiro, F. P. Tamboli, T. K. R. Pillai, T. Gordhandas, T. E. Noronha, T. F. E. Lobo, T. D'Souza Ranto, V. C. Patel, V. R. Shah, V. K. Mehta, V. K. Shah, V. D. B. Sequeira, V. G. Correa, V. H. Sanghani, V. D. Kotak, V. B. Patel, V. A. Velji, V. Lobo, Mrs. V. Haveliram, W. S. S|o. J. Singh, Z. P. Shah, S. O. Mubarak. (4248)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING PLOTS will be put to public auction by the undersigned in his office at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the dates mentioned against them:—

Scheme	Estate or locality.	Plot No.	Approximate area in sq. yds.	User	Deposit payable Rs.....	Date of auction.
			EX-TRUST PLOTS TO BE LEASED			
6	Sion Matunga	83 (East)	412	Residences,	500	2-8-45
,,	,,	83 (East)	1,227	shops, offices, godowns & Residences.	2,000	,,
,,	,,	89 (East)	952	,,	2,000	,,
,,	,,	89B (East)	1,400	,,	2,000	,,
58	Worli Extension	76	2,522	,, & a petrol station	5,000	9-8-45
,,	,,	77	1,935	Shops, offices, godowns & Residences.	3,000	,,
,,	,,	81	1,935	,,	3,000	,,
,,	,,	87	2,025	,, & a petrol station.	5,000	,,
,,	,,	10	1,866	Residences.	2,000	16-8-45
,,	,,	11	1,866	,,	2,000	,,
,,	,,	12	1,866	,,	2,000	,,
,,	,,	42	2,333	,,	2,000	,,
,,	,,	43	2,333	,,	2,000	,,

Parties desiring to bid at the auction will have, prior to the auction to deposit with the Municipality the amount mentioned against each plot. If payment is to be made by cheques, they should be sent at least three days prior to the date of auction. No cheques will be accepted on the date of auction, except from recognised Architects or Brokers. An unsuccessful bidder for a plot can avail himself of his deposit for bidding for the next plot. A successful bidder, however, will have to pay a fresh deposit before bidding for the next plot. The deposit will be forfeited if the approved bidder withdraws his bid.

Copies of full particulars of auction and special conditions relating to the plot to be leased together with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of Annas Eight in each case.

The conditions of the lease and other particulars can be inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

S. M. DESAI,
Ag. Estate Agent & Land Manager.

Bombay, 21st July, 1945. 4245

REVISED PRICES OF KEROSENE OIL.

Finance Department (Supply). Bombay Castle, 28th July 1945.

ORDER

NO. 336|III:—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in modification of the orders issued in Government Notifications, Finance Department (Supply). No. 336|III, dated the 31st August and 30th December, 1944, the Government of Bombay is pleased to order that, with effect from 1st August, 1945, kerosene oil shall not be sold by kerosene sellings shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District at prices higher than those given below:—

per	Bombay City Rs. as. ps.	The Bombay Suburban District Rs. as. ps.
1 gallon	1 1 6	1 3 6
¾ gallon	0 13 3	0 14 9
½ gallon	0 8 9	0 9 9
¼ gallon	0 4 6	0 5 0
1|8 gallon	0 2 3	0 2 6

2. With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, this order shall be published in the Bombay Government Gazette and in Newspapers having circulation in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District and copies thereof shall be affixed to the notice boards in Revenue Offices in the Bombay Suburban District and copies shall be supplied to the Kerosene Oil Companies and retail shopkeepers in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District. Copies of the Order in Marathi, Gujarathi and Hindustani shall also be published in each village in the Bombay Suburban District. The summary of this Order shall also be published in each village in the Bombay Suburban District by beat of drum and it shall at the same time be announced that the translation of the Order has been affixed to notice boards in the Revenue Offices in the Bombay Suburban District.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
A. D. GORWALA,
Secretary to Government.

TENDER NOTICE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals),
Strand House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of condemned Dry Batteries and cells, unserviceable weighing 200 tons, lying at the Ordnance Depot, Sewri, Bombay, subject to the conditions of sale on contract Con. 117.

The stores can be viewed at site by previous appointment with the Chief Ordnance Officer, Ordnance Depot, Sewri, Bombay. Intending purchasers should fully satisfy themselves about the condition of the stores, before submitting their offers.

The tenders should be submitted in a sealed cover superscribed "TENDER NO. CS|MFD|3430 due on 15-8-45", and should reach this office by 4 P.M. on 15-8-1945. The offers should remain open upto 5-9-45. 4241

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies, Strand House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of the following surplus articles in serviceable conditions lying at Central Provision Office Dehu subject to the Condition of Sale on Contract Con. 117.4

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
1.	App. telephone portable brackets and drums (steel)	1 No.
2.	Masts 78 steel Peg Makers (textile)	600 Nos.
3.	App. telephone portable-carriers drum (wooden)	200 ,,
4.	App. telephone portable Handles winding drum (steel)	400 ,,
5.	Straps carrying (textile)	500 ,,
6.	Straps carrying (textile) another type	1871 ,,
7.	App. Aerial Signalling ground indicator (cloth)	4 ,,
8.	App. Aerial Signalling ground indicator (another type)	1471 ,,
9.	App. Aerial Signalling Strip (wooden and rope)	8647 ,,
10.	Gys. telegraphs pole	26400 ,,

The store can be inspected at site by previous appointment with the Officer-in-Charge, Central Provision Depot, Dehu. Samples can be seen in this office during office hours on any working day. Intending purchasers should fully satisfy themselves about the conditions of the stores before submitting their offers. The tenders should be submitted in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. CS|MPD|3326 due on 13th Aug. 1945." The offers should remain upto 25th Aug. 1945. (4242)

NOTICE.

LAND AT RIDGE ROAD OCCUPIED BY THE LADIES GYMKHANA.

GOVERNMENT ARE PREPARED to dispose of the land, bearing C. S. No. 371 of Malabar and Cumballa Hills Division, situated at Ridge Road, next to the Malabar Hill Post Office, measuring about 4,475 sq. yds. and occupied temporarily by the Ladies Gymkhana. The land is to be disposed of on a 99 years' rental lease or on a 999 years' premium lease. Intending lessees are requested to negotiate with the Collector for the plot.

Only residential buildings, with ground and one upper floor only, will be allowed on the plot. The division of either floor into two or more dwellings or flats will not be allowed.

Forms of Offer with the Forms of Agreement and Lease can be obtained at the Collector's Office for the price of Rs. 1-13-0 per copy.

N. A. FARUQUI,
Collector of Bombay.

Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 25th July, 1945. (4222)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TELEPHONE TIME SERVICE

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS are reminded that as from midnight on the 31st July, 1945, the Time Service will be withdrawn until further notice.

Under NO circumstances can "ENQUIRIES" give subscribers the time.

GENERAL MANAGER,
Telephones, Bombay District. 4243

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on the first floor, on MONDAY, the 30th July, 1945, at 2-45 P.M. (S.T.).

J. B GREAVES,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 28th July 1945. 4244

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION
BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY

Under Sections 55 & 56 of the Indian Railways' Act No. IX of 1890, the Bombay Port Trust Railway will sell by Public Auction through their Auctioneers Messrs. MISTRY & CO., the undermentioned goods at their Cotton Depot, Oil Depot and Wadala Stations on Thursday 16th August, 1945, at 3 P.M., 4 P.M., and 5 P.M. respectively.

Only Licensed dealers can bid for controlled goods.

The highest bidders of controlled goods will be required to obtain permits from the authorising controllers to enable them to remove the goods from the Railway premises.

Certificates of sale of controlled goods will be given at the auction by an officer of this Railway.

The goods bid for must be removed within 7 days of sale otherwise wharfage will be charged.

AT COTTON DEPOT 3 P.M.
1 Bag mowha seed.
10 Bags Groundnut Seed.
1 Bag rice.
1 Bag bajri.
3 Bags tilli seed.
1 Bale F. P. Cotton.
1 Case containing cables.
1 Bundle copper pipes.
250 Empty iron drums.
130 Coir ropes.
36 Wooden bars.
81 Timber Bullies.
1 Empty wooden box.

AT OIL DEPOT 4 P.M.
15 Empty iron barrels with bungs.
99 Wooden breast bars.
5 Iron pipes.
5 Iron breast bars.
1 Bundle containing 50 lead pieces.
71 Empty drums.
2 Bundles containing 72 empty K. Oil tins bocked—ex. Junnerdeo to Oil Depot Inv. No. 1 R.R. 8696|34 of 9|10|44, sender Rao Saheb Mathura Prasad Motilal & Co., and consignee Burmah Shell Oil Storage & Distributing Co. of India, Ltd.

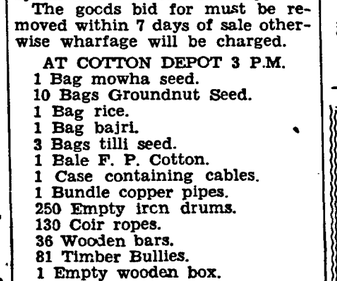
AT WADALA 5 P.M.
3 Wagons load of steam coal about 79 tons 8 cwts.

H. A. GAYDON,
Manager.

AUCTION SALE of 9 Roll Cotton Hose pipe 2½" Diameter total 3714 Ft. on Friday 3-8-45 at 3-30 P M. (S.T.) at our Rooms at 72 Medows St., by order of Mr. M. R. Italia, Advocate for M/S. H. A. Teyabally & Co., (of Madras) and on account and at the risk of M/S. Royal Express Agency, defaulting purchasers.

Terms 25 per cent Deposit.

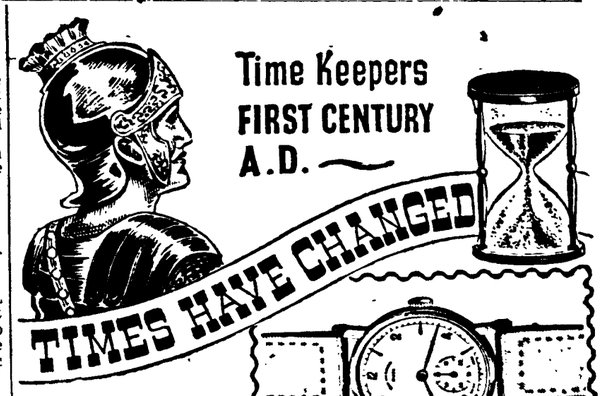
GANDHI & CO.,



IN WAR AND PEACE

Its war-time task nearing its end, DIPTI Lantern will be lighting the Indian home in the piping days of peace ahead.

DIPTI Lanterns
ORIENTAL METAL INDUSTRIES LTD. Calcutta

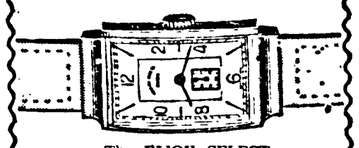


20th CENTURY

Hour or Sand Glasses were used in early Roman days, and even before. They were more accurate than Water Clocks as sand falls at an even rate irrespective of the amount in the top vessel.

Hour Glasses served their day but in this Twentieth Century a scientific timekeeper is a necessity—one which is compact, reliable, elegant. This need is dependably met by "WEST END" Watches.

The BIJOU SEMI THIN — 11''' Size
18-ct. Solid Gold, Heavy Case .. Rs. 330



The BIJOU SELECT
18-ct. Solid Gold, Heavy Case Rs. 419

Due to irregular arrivals, it may not be possible to supply all the patterns advertised, but every effort will be made to execute orders as far as our stocks permit us to do so. According to the latest Paper Control Order, we regret that no Catalogues can be sent.

WEST END WATCH Co
Bombay - Calcutta

BENGAL INSURANCE
& REAL PROPERTY CO., LTD.

Established 1919.
DIRECTORS:
(1) Sir HARI SANKER PAUL, Kt., Managing Director: B. K. Paul & Co. Ltd.
(2) Mr. J. C. MUKERJEE, M.A., Bar-at-Law, Director: Assam Bengal Cement Co. Ltd., Late Chief Executive Officer, Calcutta Corporation.
(3) Mr. ANUGRAH NARAYAN SINHA, M.A., B.L., M.L.A., Ex-Finance Minister, Bihar.
(4) Mr. BISWANATH DAS, M.A., B.L., M.L.A., Ex-Chief Minister, Orissa.
(5) Mr. C. V. SWAIKA, Proprietor: Swaika Oil Mills, Director: Nath Bank Ltd.
(6) Mr. AMAR KRISHNA GHOSE, Director: Central Board, Reserve Bank of India, *Managing Director.*
And others
HEAD OFFICE:
116, VIVEKANANDA ROAD, CALCUTTA.

ask for

CARAVAN
INDIA'S
Air-Conditioned
CIGARETTE
THE NATIONAL TOBACCO COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED
A.C.I C.45

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